



## REPORT TO THE HOUSING AUTHORITY OF THE CITY OF SAN DIEGO

**DATE ISSUED:** November 6, 2020

**REPORT NO:** HAR20-043

**ATTENTION:** Chair and Members of the Housing Authority of the City of San Diego  
For the Agenda of March 9, 2021

**SUBJECT:** Multifamily Mortgage Revenue Bond Program Policy Amendments

**COUNCIL DISTRICT:** Citywide

### **REQUESTED ACTION**

Approve the proposed changes to the San Diego Housing Commission's Multifamily Mortgage Revenue Bond Program Policy PO300.301 to bring the policy into conformance with similar agencies' Bond Programs, improve processing time, and updates the policy to reflect a change in Internal Revenue Service regulations.

### **STAFF RECOMMENDATION**

That the Housing Authority of the City of San Diego (Housing Authority) and the San Diego City Council (City Council) take the following actions, as described in this report.

#### **Housing Authority:**

- 1) Approve the proposed amendments to the San Diego Housing Commission's (Housing Commission) Multifamily Mortgage Revenue Bond Policy PO300.301, as described in this report and shown in Attachments 1 and 2, to update the policy to reflect a change in the IRS regulations regarding posting of notices, to streamline the approval process, and to bring the policy into conformance with similar agencies' Bond Programs. Changes to the policy will apply only to bond issuances in progress and new bond applications received after the Housing Authority's proposed approval; and
- 2) Authorize Housing Commission's (Housing Commission) President and Chief Executive Officer (President & CEO), or designee, to perform such acts as necessary or appropriate to implement this approval and administer the Housing Commission's Bond Program, upon the advice of General Counsel.

#### **City Council:**

Authorize the Housing Commission's President & CEO, or designee, to hold Tax Equity and Fiscal Responsibility Act (TEFRA) public hearings on behalf of the City Council. The City's approval, by its applicable elected representative, shall remain required for completion of the TEFRA process, and the Housing Authority's approval shall remain required for final bond authorization.

## **SUMMARY**

Since 1982, the Housing Commission's Multifamily Mortgage Revenue Bond Program (Bond Program) has supported the development of affordable housing in the City of San Diego. More than \$1 billion in tax-exempt Multifamily Mortgage Revenue Bonds (also known as Multifamily Housing Revenue Bonds) have been issued since the Bond Program's inception to provide below-market-rate financing for affordable housing developments.

The Housing Commission administers a Multifamily Mortgage Revenue Bonds portfolio that provides financing for 80 developments with a total of 9,035 units, of which 8,026 units are restricted at various levels of affordability. As of June 30, 2020, the amount of bonds outstanding totaled \$969,930,918. A summary of Housing Commission issued bond-financed developments is provided as Attachment 3. State and local governmental agencies and joint powers authorities can issue taxable and tax-exempt Multifamily Mortgage Revenue Bonds (Bonds). The Housing Authority is the local governmental agency responsible for issuing Bonds for multifamily rental housing developments located in the City of San Diego.

The Housing Commission utilizes the Housing Authority's tax-exempt borrowing status to pass on lower interest rate financing (and make 4 percent tax credits available) to developers of affordable rental housing. The Housing Authority's ability to issue bonds is limited under the U.S. Internal Revenue Code. To issue bonds for a development, the Housing Authority must first submit an application to the California Debt Limit Allocation Committee (CDLAC) for a Bond allocation. Prior to submitting applications to CDLAC, developments must obtain a Bond inducement resolution and a Tax Equity and Fiscal Responsibility Act (TEFRA) resolution must be secured no later than 30 days after application submittal.

The Housing Commission established and administers the Bond Program (Attachment 4), which allows the Housing Authority to issue Bonds. The Housing Authority issues Bonds on behalf of private businesses for the purpose of acquiring, rehabilitating and developing multifamily rental housing. Interest earnings on tax-exempt Bonds are excluded from federal gross income, and therefore, are exempt from federal income tax. The Bonds lower the interest rate paid by the developers of multifamily rental housing.

Under federal and state law, to be eligible for Bond financing, multifamily housing developments must set aside at least 20 percent of their units for occupancy by households earning no more than 50 percent of Area Median Income (AMI), currently \$57,750 per year for a family of four. Alternatively, a minimum of 10 percent of the units may be restricted at 50 percent of AMI, with an additional 30 percent of the units restricted at 60 percent of AMI, currently \$69,300 per year for a family of four. Due to the combined requirements of state, local, and federal funding sources, developments financed under the Bond Program are affordable for 55 years and often provide affordability at lower income levels than the minimum levels the Bond Program requires.

Developments that utilize tax-exempt Bonds are eligible for an allocation of low-income housing tax credits. Equity from the sale of low-income housing tax credits can provide a significant portion of the financing necessary to develop affordable housing (approximately 30-40 percent of the total development costs).

Although the Housing Authority acts as the issuer of the Bonds, there is no financial liability to the City of San Diego, the Housing Authority, or the Housing Commission in connection with the issuance or

repayment of Bonds. The Bonds are special, limited obligations of the Housing Authority, payable solely from private revenue sources, such as project cash flows and equity payments.

The Bond Program policy has been periodically updated to respond to changes in the regulatory environment and to remain a useful incentive to produce affordable housing within the City of San Diego. The Housing Commission's Bond Program policy was originally adopted in 1989, and subsequently revised in 1992, 1994, 1996, 1999, 2008, 2013, 2017 and 2018.

Beginning in 2020, demand for tax-exempt bonds exceeded CDLAC's annual bond allocation. As a result, CDLAC announced the previously non-competitive tax-exempt bonds would become competitive due to the over-subscribed state allocation of bonds. This has resulted in uncertainty in the bond market and increased demand for expeditious bond inducement processing. The Housing Commission proposes the following changes to the bond policy in response to these market condition changes, which will reduce the processing time needed to obtain preliminary approval detailed within this report. Additionally, staff proposes that the Bond Policy be updated to reflect a change in the IRS regulations for TEFRA public noticing requirements.

#### Recommended Major Changes

The following material changes to the Bond Policy are recommended:

1. Add Section 1.7 – Allows the Housing Commission's President & CEO, or designee, to adopt inducement resolutions on behalf of the Housing Authority and hold Tax Equity and Fiscal Responsibility Act (TEFRA) hearings on behalf of the City Council. The Housing Authority and/or Mayor of San Diego's approval shall remain required for final bond authorization.
  - a. As a result of the added section, throughout the revised Bond policy, language is added to reflect the change in authority, which is recommended through a Housing Authority resolution.
  - b. As a result of the added section, throughout the revised Bond policy, language is added to reflect the Housing Authority will issue bonds, upon approval and recommendation of the Housing Commission, with Housing Authority approval required for final bond authorization.
2. Section 1.8A – Clarifying language to the calculation of the up-front administrative fee payable at bond closing to be calculated off the total tax-exempt and taxable bonds.
3. Section 1.8B – Adding language that the annual bond administrative fee shall not exceed \$62,500 per year.
4. Section 1.8D – Clarifying language that additional monitoring fees may be charged, regardless of number of units.
5. Section 1.9 – Clarifying language stating the Housing Commission will not recommend projects where the tax credit investor is also the same or a related entity to the bond purchaser, and any exception would be on an extremely limited case-by-case basis.
6. Section 2.1 – Adding language that taxable bonds do not require a TEFRA hearing.
7. Section 4.1 – Updating language that the bonds must be rated "A" or its equivalent.

8. Section 5.1 – Adding language that Housing Commission staff must provide written approval for use of an outside issuer for a project within the City of San Diego. Updating language that the most recent fee schedule will be used.
9. Section 7.1 – Adding language that the Housing Commission’s bond inducement application is found on the Housing Commission’s website.
10. Add Section 7.3A – Grants the Housing Commission’s President & CEO, or designee, the authority to adopt bond inducement resolutions, upon approval by the Housing Commission Board of Commissioners.
11. Section 7.4 – Adding language allowing the Housing Commission’s President & CEO, or designee, to adopt inducement resolutions and hold TEFRA hearings on behalf of the Housing Authority and City Council, respectively. The Housing Authority’s and/or Mayor of San Diego’s approval shall remain required for final bond authorization. Additionally, updating the Housing Commission’s website as a permissible means of TEFRA public noticing and updating the date of publication to seven days in advance of the hearing, in accordance with IRS Regulation 1.147(f)-1(d) 4.
12. Section 10.4C – Clarifying language that the Certification of Compliance form to be submitted is either Certification of Compliance I or II, depending on the year the bonds were allocated.
13. Throughout the document – Updating CEO or his designee to read as: CEO or designee.

### **FISCAL CONSIDERATIONS**

Approving this action will not change the Housing Authority-approved Fiscal Year 2021 budget.

Approving this action will result in revenue changes from Bond issuance and application fees for Fiscal Years 2022 and thereafter, which will be reflected in budgets for future years.

### **PREVIOUS COUNCIL and/or COMMITTEE ACTION**

The Housing Commission’s Bond Program policy was originally adopted by the Housing Authority in 1989, and subsequently was revised in 1992, 1994, 1996, 1999, 2008, 2013, 2017 and 2018.

### **KEY STAKEHOLDERS and PROJECTED IMPACTS**

Key stakeholders include: affordable housing developers, the Housing Commission, the Housing Authority and prospective affordable housing residents with low income. It is projected that the proposed changes will make the Bond Program administration more efficient and in conformance with similar agencies’ Bond Programs, update for a change in Internal Revenue Service (IRS) requirements, and provide program clarity to staff and the public.

### **ENVIRONMENTAL REVIEW**

This activity is not a project as defined by the California Environmental Quality Act Section 21065 and State CEQA Guidelines Section 15378(b)(4), as it is a government administrative activity that will not result in direct or indirect physical changes in the environment. This activity is also exempt from review under the National Environmental Policy Act as no federal funding is involved in this action

Respectfully submitted,

Approved by,

*Emily S. Jacobs*

Emily S. Jacobs  
Senior Vice President  
Housing Finance & Property Management  
Real Estate Division

*Jeff Davis*

Jeff Davis  
Deputy Chief Executive Officer  
San Diego Housing Commission

Attachments: 1) Strikeout and Underline Bond Policy with proposed changes  
2) Draft Bond Policy Amendments  
3) Summary of Bond Projects  
4) Strikeout and Underline Bond Program Summary

Docket materials are available in the “Governance & Legislative Affairs” section of the San Diego Housing Commission website at [www.sdhc.org](http://www.sdhc.org)

**BOND ISSUANCE AND POST-ISSUANCE COMPLIANCE POLICY**Subject: **MULTIFAMILY MORTGAGE REVENUE BOND PROGRAM**Number: **P0300.301**Effective Date:  
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**1. SUMMARY**

- 1.1 Federal, state and local legislation authorize the issuance of mortgage revenue bonds by local governments to finance the development, acquisition, construction and rehabilitation of multifamily rental projects. The interest on the bonds can be exempt from federal and state income taxation, and provide below market rate financing for qualified projects. In addition, properly- structured tax-exempt mortgage revenue bonds can qualify projects for allocations of federal low- income housing tax credits, which may provide a significant portion of the funding necessary to develop affordable housing. The San Diego Housing Commission ("Housing Commission") has established a program (the "Program") to issue mortgage revenue bonds for qualified multifamily rental projects within the City of San Diego (the "City"). The Housing Commission's Program uses tax-exempt and taxable mortgage revenue bonds (including notes and other debt instruments) issued by the San Diego Housing Commission Authority of the City of San Diego (~~the~~ "Housing Authority"), as approved and recommended by the San Diego Housing Commission, to subsidize the development of affordable rental housing within the City.
- 1.2 There is no direct legal liability to the City, the Housing Authority or the Housing Commission in connection with the issuance or repayment of bonds; there is no pledge of the City's or the Housing Authority's faith, credit or taxing power and the bonds do not constitute general obligations of the issuer because the security for repayment of bonds is limited to project revenue and other sources specified in the documentation for each financing. Bonds for affordable housing projects are often effectively structured as real estate loans, and the obligation to repay the bonds is secured by a first deed of trust on the bond-financed property. The Program is completely self-supporting; developers must secure funding to pay for costs of issuance of the bonds and all other costs of each financing.
- 1.3 Bonds issued under the Program should generally be privately placed with a financial institution, or publicly issued with a minimum rating of "A", or its equivalent, by one or more of the nationally recognized rating agencies listed in Section 4.1. Proceeds of the bonds may be used for both costs of construction or rehabilitation and permanent financing. The effective mortgage rate is the aggregate of the applicable bond rate and the add-on fees charged under the program, such as lender, trustee, issuer's fee, etc. The bond rate, for fixed rate bonds, is determined at the time of a bond sale and the resulting mortgage rate is typically below conventional mortgage rates. The project loans generally have a 30-year amortization schedule although the bond maturity may be shorter.
- 1.4 The goals of the Program include: increase and preserve the supply of affordable rental housing; encourage economic integration within residential communities; maintain a quality living environment for residents of assisted projects and surrounding properties; and, in the event of provision of public funds towards the project, optimize the effectiveness of Housing Commission, or other public funding by maximizing the leveraging of private sector funds.
- 1.5 The bond issuance and related loan amount for individual projects is based upon project costs, interest rates, revenues available to pay debt service, and the appraised value of the project being financed. As approved and recommended by the San Diego Housing Commission, the Housing Authority will consider multiple properties as part of a single bond financing on a case by case basis. If a tax-exempt financing is involved, bond and related loan amounts will be subject to the procedures of the California Debt Limit Allocation Committee ("CDLAC"), as described in Section 2.3 below.

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1.6 Projects must consist of complete rental units, including kitchens and bathrooms. Bond proceeds may be used for costs of land acquisition (up to 25% of tax-exempt bond proceeds), construction, rehabilitation, improvements, architectural and engineering services, construction interest, loan fees and other capital costs of the project incurred after the date sixty days before the bond inducement date specified in Section 7.3. Tax-exempt bond proceeds cannot be used to acquire property from a party related to the buyer. No more than 2% of tax-exempt bond proceeds can be used to finance costs of issuance, such as the services of the financing team members, rating and printing of bonds, cost related to bond allocation, etc. Pursuant to federal tax-exempt bond requirements, if bonds are used for acquisition and rehabilitation, an amount equal to at least 15 percent of the portion of the acquisition cost of the building and related equipment financed with the proceeds of bonds must be used for rehabilitation of the project. The loans are assumable upon transfer of the project with the approval of the credit enhancement provider or bond purchaser, and the President and Chief Executive Officer of the Housing Commission ("CEO") or ~~his~~ designee.

1.7 ~~The San Diego Housing Authority ("City Council") has approved via resolution for authorized the Housing Commission Board of Commissioners CEO or designee, to be granted the authority on a standing basis to adopt inducement resolutions / official actions. The San Diego City Council ("City Council") has authorized the Housing Commission to hold Tax Equity and Fiscal Responsibility Act ("TEFRA") hearings on behalf of the City Council by the Housing Commission CEO or designee. The City's approval, by its applicable elected representative, shall remain required for completion of the TEFRA process, and ~~The Housing Authority's and/or Mayor of San Diego's approval shall remain required at the time of~~ final bond authorization.~~

1.61.8 The Housing Commission receives compensation for its services in preparing bond issuances by charging an up-front administrative fee payable at the bond closing. In addition, the Housing Commission also receives ongoing, annual fees for compliance monitoring of regulatory restrictions and administrative oversight of outstanding bond issues.

A. The administrative fee due on the bond closing date, is an amount equal to 25 basis points (0.25%) of the initial principal amount of bonds issued (or in the case of draw-down bonds [a bond structure with multiple draws over time]) the initial maximum authorized principal amount of bonds), not to exceed for tax-exempt and taxable bonds the amount otherwise allowed by the Internal Revenue Service ("IRS").

B. The annual ongoing administrative fee will be an amount equal to (a) prior to conversion to permanent financing, 0.125% of the maximum authorized principal amount of the bonds as of the closing date for the bonds, and (b) after conversion to permanent financing, if applicable, 0.125% of the outstanding principal amount of the bonds immediately after conversion to permanent financing; however, the annual ongoing fee in any event will not be less than \$10,000. The annual fee will be charged each year during the compliance period under the Bond Regulatory Agreement for the project (see Section 3.1), to recover administrative and monitoring costs of the Housing Commission, which will be charged to all projects for such compliance period, including projects where bonds are fully repaid prior to the end of the compliance period. The ongoing annual fee will be due and payable without the requirement for any invoice to be delivered to the project owner, on the first day of the month in which the anniversary of the bond closing occurs based on the facts in existence as of such first day of such month. In no event shall the annual bond administrative fee exceed \$62,500 per year.

B-C. The annual ongoing administrative fee will remain fixed based on using the principal amount of bonds outstanding at permanent financing conversion regardless of any later

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reductions of the outstanding principal of the bonds.

C.D. Additional monitoring fees may be charged for monitoring affordable housing units governed by regulatory agreements in addition to the Bond Regulatory Agreement, ~~of projects with more than 50 units.~~

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~~D.E.~~ At the time of the application, the project proponent must pay a \$3,000 non-refundable application fee to the Housing Commission.

~~1.7.9~~ Due to IRS limitations applicable to fees charged by issuers of tax-exempt bonds where the bond purchaser and the tax credit investor are the same or related entities, the Housing Commission will not recommend, and San Diego Housing Authority will not issue bonds for projects where the tax credit investor is also the same or a related entity to the bond purchaser. Exceptions may be granted on an extremely limited case-by-case basis and, in at the discretion of the Housing Authority's Executive Director or ~~his~~ designee.

~~1.8.1.10~~ To the extent that contractors will be providing services on behalf of a project proponent or a project owner related to the requirements of these Policies, the project proponent or project owner, as applicable, shall provide the Housing Commission with a written statement describing their relationship with the contractor and any rights the contractor has to income and obligations generated from any proposed bond issuance activity.

## 2. TYPES OF BONDS

2.1 The Housing Authority, as approved and recommended by the San Diego Housing Commission, may issue either tax-exempt or taxable bonds (which include notes or other debt instruments), or both. Taxable bonds would generally be issued only in combination with tax-exempt bonds. Taxable bonds do not require TEFRA or an allocation of tax-exempt bond authority from CDLAC but still require compliance with State law requirements governing the Housing Authority's ability to issue bonds.

2.2 The interest paid on taxable bonds is not exempt from federal taxation. These bonds are not subject to federal volume "cap" limitations and therefore do not require allocation authority from CDLAC. Taxable bond issues must meet all applicable requirements of this Policy (including rating requirements), State law requirements and any additional regulations that may be promulgated, from time to time, by the Housing Commission.

2.3 Bond interest ~~on which that~~ is tax-exempt under federal tax law (other than refunding bonds and 501(c)(3) bonds described below), requires an allocation of bond authority from CDLAC. To obtain the allocation, the San Diego Housing Commission, through a resolution from the Housing Authority, must submit an application to CDLAC on behalf of the project proponent. Submittal of the application is at the discretion of the San Diego Housing Commission through a resolution from the Housing Authority, not the project proponent. The project proponent must provide all deposits and pay all fees required by CDLAC when due.

2.4 The Housing Authority, upon the approval and recommendation of the San Diego Housing Commission, may issue bonds described in section 145(c) of the federal tax code on behalf of qualified nonprofit organizations. The interest on these 501(c)(3) bonds is tax-exempt and these bonds do not require an allocation from CDLAC, but cannot be used with the Low Income Housing Tax Credit Program.

2.5 The Housing Authority, upon the approval and recommendation of the San Diego Housing Commission, will consider the issuance of bonds to refund outstanding bonds subject to the following conditions:

- A. The project proponent agrees to cover all costs of the issuer, including costs for the issuer's municipal advisor, bond counsel, and trustee (if applicable).

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- B. The affordability restrictions of the existing bond regulatory agreement are subject to extension. The Housing Commission reserves the right to impose additional requirements on a case by case basis. All specifics of refunding proposals must be approved by the Housing Authority.
- C. The provisions of Section 52080(g) of the California Health and Safety Code shall apply to projects financed under the Program, which requires that low-income units remain affordable, except in certain circumstances, until thirty (30) years after the commencement of the qualified project period (as referred to therein).
- D. Except in limited circumstances, the provisions of Sections 65863.10 and 65863.11 of the California Government Code shall apply to projects financed under the Program, and project proponents are advised to review the requirements of such Sections.
- E. Default refunding applications require a default refunding analysis (to determine the eligibility for a default refunding). The Housing Commission shall choose the firm to conduct the analysis. The project applicant will deposit the cost for the study with the Housing Commission before the study begins.
- 2.6 Bonds for projects are intended to be non-recourse conduit financing in which none of the Housing Commission, the Housing Authority or the City will be responsible for the repayment of the debt. The Housing Authority's own capital improvement plans and budgets should not be impacted by the bond financing of projects

**3. AFFORDABILITY REQUIREMENTS**

- 3.1 Term of Rental and Affordability Restrictions - The project must remain as rental housing and continuously meet the affordability requirements as provided in Sections 3.2, 3.3 and 3.4 for the longer of (a) the Qualified Project Period (as defined in Internal Revenue Code of 1986), (b) as long as the bonds remain outstanding, (c) such period as may be required in the opinion of Bond Counsel to satisfy applicable federal or State law, or (d) such period as maybe required by CDLAC (typically 55 years). Additional affordability may be required as described in 2.5(C) above. The rent of "in-place" tenants at the conclusion of the required affordability period will continue to be governed by the applicable affordability restriction, so long as those tenants continue to live in the development. The San Diego Housing Commission, through a resolution from the Housing Authority, reserves the right to impose additional affordability restrictions.

A Bond Regulatory Agreement containing the rental and affordability restrictions will be recorded against the project property and must be complied with by subsequent owners. The Bond Regulatory Agreement may be terminated upon expiration of restrictions or in the event of casualty loss or foreclosure, and the subsequent retirement of bonds as a result of foreclosure.

The Bond Regulatory Agreement will be drafted by the Housing Authority's bond counsel for the financing and must be in a form acceptable to and approved by the San Diego Housing Commission, through a resolution from the Housing Authority. The Bond Regulatory Agreement will set forth federal, state and Housing Authority requirements applicable to the operation of the project and pursuant to Section 5220(c)(l) of the CDLAC Regulations must incorporate by reference and as an attachment the CDLAC resolution allocating private activity bond authority to the Housing Authority for the project.

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State law requires advance notice and other requirements upon termination of affordability requirements, some of which also place restrictions on the sale of previously affordable housing projects, pursuant to the provisions described in 2.5(D) above.

3.2 **Income Restrictions** - To be eligible for tax-exempt bond financing, federal law requires that the project meet one of the following conditions:

- A. A minimum of 20% of the units in the project must be set aside for occupancy by households whose incomes do not exceed 50% of area median income, as adjusted for family size; or
- B. A minimum of 40% of the units in the project must be set aside for occupancy by households whose incomes do not exceed 60% of area median income, as adjusted by family size.

In any event, State law requires that a minimum of 10% of the units in the project be set aside for occupancy by households whose incomes do not exceed 50% of area median income, as adjusted for family size, at specified rent levels.

Project owners must certify their tenant's eligibility semi-annually or as otherwise required by the Housing Commission in the applicable Bond Regulatory Agreement. If a tenant is no longer eligible, the next available unit in the project (if federal tax credits apply to the project, in the building in which the unit was located) must be rented to a new eligible tenant and the current tenant's rent can be raised to a market level. A unit occupied only by full time students does not count towards the very low and low income unit set-aside requirements.

Affordability definitions are based on the area median income for the County of San Diego as established by the US Department of Housing and Urban Development. The median income is subject to change annually. Household size is determined under Section 34312.3(c)(1)(B) and (c)(2)(B) of the California Health and Safety Code consistent with Section 42(g)(2)(C) of the Internal Revenue Code. Section 42(g)(2)(C) requires that, in calculating rents, occupancy of units is assumed to be one person per studio unit, and for each other unit with one or more separate bedrooms, 1.5 individuals for each separate bedroom.

3.3 **Rent Restrictions** - The maximum rent for the affordable set-aside units shall not exceed 30% of one-twelfth of 50% of area median income, or 30% of one-twelfth of 60% of area median income (as the case may be, depending on the selected set-aside). The maximum rent amounts are further reduced by a utility allowance for tenant-paid utilities in the amounts determined by the Housing Commission's ~~President &~~ CEO or ~~his~~ designee. In the event tax-exempt bonds are used with Low Income Housing Tax Credits, or any other public funds, the most restrictive rents of the applicable programs shall apply. The affordability of restricted units in relation to the project's market rents will be considered as part of the Housing Commission's approval of the financing. The maximum rent amounts will also apply if the set-aside units are occupied by Section 8 tenants (tenant based vouchers).

In calculating restricted rents, household size/occupancy shall be described in the last paragraph of Section 3.2 above.

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- 3.4 Unit Distribution - The set-aside units must proportionately reflect the mix of all units in the project, be distributed throughout the project and have the same floor area, amenities, and access to project facilities as market-rate units. The objective of the program is to provide a set-aside of units with lower rents, not to create special "low-income sections" within larger developments.
- 3.5 Additional Affordability Restrictions under Restructuring of Existing Bond Issues- Additional public benefit in the form of deeper income targeting; additional rent restrictions; extension of the term of restrictions; additional number of restricted units; or any combination thereof, will be negotiated in connection with refundings or debt restructurings of existing bond issues. The level of additional restrictions will be determined in the context of the overall financial feasibility of each financing. Should the bond restructuring result in an extension of the maturity of the bonds, a minimum of 10% of the units in the project will be set aside for occupancy by households whose incomes do not exceed 50% of area median income, as adjusted for family size, with rents set at the corresponding affordability level, for the term of the restructured bond.
- 4. CREDIT CONSIDERATIONS**
- 4.1 Required Rating on the Bonds - Any bonds issued under the Program that are sold to the public should ~~generally~~ be rated "A", or its equivalent, or better from one or more of the following nationally recognized rating agencies: Moody's Investors Service, S&P Global Ratings, or Fitch Ratings. The same rating requirement applies in the case of a substitution of existing credit facility for bonds that are outstanding.
- 4.2 Credit Enhancement- A preferred way of obtaining the required rating on the bonds in accordance with Section 4.1 is through the provision of additional, outside credit support for the bond issue provided by rated, financially strong private institutions, such as government sponsored entities (including the Federal National Mortgage Association [Fannie Mae] or the Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation [Freddie Mac]), other government insured mortgage programs, or other qualified credit enhancement providers as long as the minimum bond rating is obtained. The rating on such bonds is determined based on the credit worthiness of the participating credit enhancement provider. The project proponent is required to identify and obtain any such credit enhancement. As the primary source of security for the repayment of bonds, the credit enhancement provider reviews and approves the borrower (credit, financial capability, experience, etc.) and the project and its feasibility, including the size of the loan and the terms of repayment, using their own underwriting criteria.
- 4.3 Rated Bonds Without Credit Enhancement- Fixed rate bonds can be issued without credit enhancement if the proposed financing structure results in the required minimum rating on the bonds by a rating agency as provided in Section 4.1. However, bonds issued without credit enhancement will only be sold to qualified institutional buyers ("QIBs") as defined under Rule 144 A of the Securities Act of 1933 and in minimum \$100,000 denominations, unless waived by the ~~President &~~ CEO in ~~its his~~ sole discretion.

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4.4 Privately Placed Bonds - The rating requirement specified in Section 4.1 is waived under the following conditions:

- A. The bonds are privately placed with QIBs, or institutional "accredited investors," as defined in Sections 501(a)(1), (2), (3) or (7) of Regulation D promulgated under the Securities Act of 1933, or any entity in which all of the equity owners meet the requirements of at least one such subsection.
- B. The bonds must be sold in minimum \$ 100,000 denominations.
- C. All initial and subsequent purchasers (including purchasers of participation interests in the bonds) must sign a sophisticated investor letter (Investor Letter) in a form approved by the Housing Commission. While the bonds remain unrated, their transferability will be restricted to QIBs or institutional accredited investors who sign an Investor Letter.
- D. Unless otherwise approved by the Housing Commission Board, the bonds may not be held at any time by more than 5 investors.
- E. Upon terms acceptable to the Housing Commission, bonds may be placed in a trust or custodial arrangement with participations sold to investors.
- F. The San Diego Housing Commission through a resolution from the Housing Authority as issuer reserves the right to require that a trustee or fiscal agent participate in privately placed bond transactions.

The purpose of these conditions is to assure that the bonds are placed with investors who are experienced in investing in unrated municipal securities and can conduct their own analysis or real estate credit underwriting. Bond funds and affordable lending financial institutions are the types of entities this condition anticipates.

- 4.5 Bonds with Hedges/SWAPs. The project proponent shall disclose to the Housing Commission at the time of application of its intention to purchase an interest rate cap, hedge or swap, and such instrument shall be obtained in an arm's length transaction. Under no circumstances shall the Housing Commission or Housing Authority be a party to such swaps or hedges.
- 4.6 Indemnification. The project owner shall agree to defend and indemnify the Housing Authority against liability related to the bond financing and the project, and agree to reimburse the Housing Authority for all expenses incurred by the Housing Authority in issuing the bonds and monitoring the project. The San Diego Housing Commission, through a resolution from the Housing Authority, reserves the right to require a parent company or personal guaranty of such indemnification and expense reimbursement obligations.

**5. OTHER ISSUERS**

- 5.1 The Housing Authority, in very limited situations, will allow issuers other than the Housing Authority to issue bonds for multifamily housing projects located within the City of San Diego.

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Any project proponent considering the use of any issuer other than the Housing Authority should contact Housing Commission staff prior to proceeding with the project and obtain written approval for use of an outside issuer. The required City approvals of bond issuances by issuers other than the Housing Authority will be recommended only if the financing proposal is part of a pooled issuance involving projects located in multiple jurisdictions and the project proponent can demonstrate that a pooled issuance is required for the projects to be financial viable. All Housing Authority affordability requirements, procedures and requirements will apply to projects using "outside issuers," including an issuance fee of 0.25 percent of the bond issuance amount to be paid to the Housing Authority upon issuance of the bonds as described in Section 1.7-8 above. A TEFRA hearing and approval by the City Council of the City ("City Council"), as described in Section 7.4, on behalf of another issuer will include a provision that the owner, operator or manager of the project considered for financing by tax-exempt debt will not change without the prior approval of the Housing Commission's President & CEO or ~~his~~ designee. Units governed by the applicable Bond Regulatory Agreement using tax-exempt financing shall be monitored by Housing Commission staff for compliance with the terms and conditions of the applicable CDLAC resolution annually or as otherwise determined by the Housing Authority and are subject to annual Housing Commission monitoring fees in accordance with the existing-most current Housing Commission fee schedule.

**6. SELECTION OF THE FINANCING TEAM**

- 6.1 Through separate Requests for Qualifications ("RFQ"), a pool of bond counsels, and a pool of municipal advisors, will be established to serve as financing team participants on individual bond transactions. The RFQ process is a fair and competitive process which includes advertising, a competitive selection process and interviewing, if necessary. Firms will be selected in accordance with the Housing Commission's applicable equal opportunity policies.
- 6.2 The establishment of each pool will be made by a selection committee with the approval of the Housing Commission Board. The selection committee will consist of Housing Commission staff and representatives from other City departments, such as the City Attorney's Office, City Auditor, and Debt Management. Generally, the selection will be made for a one -year period. The term may be extended for four additional one-year periods by the President & CEO or ~~his~~ designee.
- 6.3 The bond counsel and municipal advisor specifically represent the interests and concerns of the Housing Commission, the Housing Authority and the City in ensuring the integrity of the bond transaction. The project sponsor may, at its own expense, add additional members to the finance team to represent its interests.
- 6.4 The municipal advisor for each transaction will be designated by the President & CEO or ~~his~~ designee from the selected pool for approval by the Housing Commission Board based on past performance, experience with similar transactions, and capacity to meet the project deadlines. The municipal advisor will prepare a feasibility study on whether it is economically advisable to proceed with the financing, including: evaluation of the financial strength of the project; assumptions regarding income and expenses; sources of security for bonds in addition to a mortgage on the project; the borrower's financial situation and experience in operating and managing multifamily rental projects; marketability of the bonds; rights and resources of parties to the transaction in the event of default. The municipal advisor will provide financial advice on all relevant issues to best protect the interests of the City and the Housing Authority. The compensation for municipal advisory services to determine whether it is advisable to proceed with a financing will not be payable by the project proponent and will not be contingent on the sale of the bonds.

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- 6.5 Bond counsel will be designated for each financing by the ~~President &~~ CEO or ~~his~~ designee from the selected pool based on past performance, experience with similar transactions, and capacity to meet the project deadlines, subject to approval by the Housing Commission Board. Bond counsel will prepare the necessary legal documentation for the bonds, including provisions regarding compliance with any applicable continuing disclosure requirements, provide an opinion regarding the validity of the bonds and their tax exempt status (if applicable), and provide legal advice on all relevant issues to best protect the interests of the Housing Commission, the City and the Housing Authority, including but not limited to the project monitoring requirements for federal tax State law and CDLAC purposes.
- 6.6 Bond Underwriter /Remarketing Agent/Private Placement Purchaser -The project proponent shall select the construction and permanent lender/bond purchaser and method of selling the bonds for a given transaction, subject to the requirements set forth herein and the approval of the Housing Commission. Except as provided in Section 1.8 above, the Housing Authority will not allow a bond transaction where the tax credit investor is also the bond purchaser or a related party thereto. The practice of allowing the project proponent to propose the lender and bond structure is intended to create an incentive for qualified financial firms to actively work with borrowers to structure and present feasible financing proposals that meet Program requirements.
- 6.7 In the event the project proponent has not identified a proposed financing structure for a given transaction, the Housing Commission will select an underwriter, lender, or private placement purchaser through a request for proposals process.
- 6.8 Any bond trustee or fiscal agent (a financial institution designated by the Housing Authority as the custodian of funds and official representative of bondholders), if required by the Housing Commission as the bond structure for the financing, will be approved by the ~~President &~~ CEO or ~~his~~ designee based upon a request for proposals process.
- 7. THE FINANCING PROCESS**
- 7.1 Application - A project proponent interested in new-money financing must submit an application for bond financing, or in the case of an existing financing a request for bond refunding or restructuring, to the Housing Commission. Part of the required information is a disclosure statement, on each of the parties involved in the developer /ownership entity. Housing Commission staff will review the application for feasibility. [The application is found on the Housing Commission's website.](#)
- 7.2 Deposit-At the time of the application, the project proponent must post a \$10,000 application deposit to cover the preliminary costs of the Housing Commission related to the proposed bond issuance, reissuance or restructuring. If the financing proceeds to closing, the deposit may be subject to return after the bond closing. If the bond issue does not proceed to closing, then the \$10,000 application deposit will become nonrefundable, and will be retained by the Housing Commission for payment toward the preliminary costs incurred by the Housing Commission and its consultants. The \$10,000 application deposit may be waived by the ~~President &~~ CEO or ~~his~~ designee.

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7.3 Inducement/Reimbursement Resolution- In conjunction with the City Attorney's Office and bond counsel, a bond inducement/reimbursement resolution (hereafter an "inducement resolution") will be drafted and adopted by the ~~San Diego Housing Commission pursuant to the authority granted by Housing Authority resolution, from Housing Authority~~ Housing Authority. All new money projects must be the subject of an inducement resolution. An inducement resolution is a conditional expression of the Housing Authority's "official intent "to issue bonds for a given project and is required for tax-exempt financing under Treasury Regulation Section 1.150-2(e). Adoption of the inducement resolution establishes, through the public record, the date from which project costs incurred may be determined to be eligible for financing under the Program with proceeds of tax-exempt bonds. Therefore, applicants are encouraged to induce their projects as soon as practicable to clearly identify the project, its location, maximum number of units, the maximum amount of financing, and the proposed ownership entity.

A. Inducement Resolution - The Housing Authority has granted the CEO of the Housing Commission or designee the authority to adopt bond inducement resolutions.

A-B. Application to CDLAC - The inducement resolution also authorizes Housing Commission staff to submit an application to CDLAC, on behalf of the project proponent, for a private activity bond allocation if the bonds are to be tax-exempt.

B-C. No Binding Financial Commitment - Adoption of the inducement resolution does not represent any commitment by the Housing Commission, Housing Authority, or the project proponent to proceed with the financing. The adoption by the Housing Authority of an inducement resolution, by itself, does not authorize any subordinate financing by the Housing Commission or any other entity of the City. The Housing Authority retains absolute discretion over the issuance of bonds through adoption of a required resolution authorizing such issuance and approving related bond documents.

C-D. No Land Use or Building Code Approval - Adoption of the inducement resolution shall not be construed to signify that the project complies with the planning, zoning, subdivision and building laws and ordinances of the City or suggest that the Housing Authority, the City, or any officer or agent of the Housing Authority or the City will grant any such approval, consent or permit that may be required in connection with the development of a given project.

7.37.4 TEFRA Hearing and Approval - In order for interest on the bonds to be tax-exempt and in accordance with the Tax Equity and Fiscal Responsibility Act of 1982 (TEFRA), and Section 147(f) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, the issuance of bonds must be approved by representatives of the governmental unit with jurisdiction over the area in which the project is located, after a public hearing for which a public notice (describing the proposed location of the project, the number of units, and proposed bond issuance amount) is given. ~~As the legislative body for the City of San Diego, the issuance of any tax exempt bonds by the Housing Authority must be approved by City Council. City Council has via a resolution granted the CEO of the Housing Commission or designee authorized the Housing Commission's, the authority to hold the TEFRA hearing and adopt bond inducement resolutions. The Housing Authority's approval or the Mayor will still give shall remain required for the final approval and bond authorization.~~ The purpose of the public hearing is to provide an opportunity for interested persons to provide their views on the proposed bond issuance and on the nature and location of the project. The TEFRA hearing will be conducted by ~~City Council~~ the CEO of the Housing Commission or designee -at the date and time specified in the TEFRA notice. The TEFRA notice shall be published in a newspaper of general circulation within the City or on

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the Housing Commission's website at least ~~14~~seven days in advance of the TEFRA hearing.

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7.47.5 Bond Allocation - Prior to the issuance of tax exempt bonds (other than 501(c)(3) bonds), the Housing Authority must apply for, and receive an allocation of bond issuing authority from CDLAC. To receive such an allocation, the Housing Authority and the project proponent must document their readiness to proceed with the bond financing, and must comply with all applicable CDLAC regulations.

7.57.6 Performance Deposit - At the time of the application to CDLAC, the project proponent must deposit with the Housing Authority an amount equal to one half of one percent of the requested allocation amount (or such other amount as may be required by CDLAC) as a performance deposit. The deposit will be returned to the project proponent only in accordance with CDLAC procedures; and the deposit is subject to reversion to CDLAC if the financing does not close under applicable CDLAC regulations.

7.67.7 Local Review- All projects must be in compliance with the City's zoning requirements and adopted community plans. Prior to requesting the Housing Authority approval of a new-money bond issuance, the project must undergo all planning procedures and land use approvals, including discretionary review, community planning group review, and environmental analysis, as required. All projects must be reviewed by the applicable community planning group(s) prior to final bond authorization recommendation by the Housing Commission Board of Commissioners.

7.77.8 Coordination with City Finance Representatives- Housing Commission staff will work with the City Attorney's Office, the City's Debt Management Department, and other City departments, as necessary, in preparing bond issuances for affordable housing projects.

7.87.9 Compliance with City's Disclosure Ordinance - As a related entity of the City, the Housing Commission will adhere to the City disclosure ordinance (0-19320) as it may be amended from time to time, which applies to publicly offered bonds. The Housing Commission will present offering statements and disclosure documents for review and approval, as appropriate, by the City's Disclosure Practices Working Group.

7.97.10 Housing Commission/Housing Authority - Final Approval- Housing Commission staff recommendations to proceed with a proposed bond issuance, reissuance, or bond restructuring will be presented for approval by the Housing Commission. If approved, staff will work with the approved financing team to structure the financing and to prepare the necessary bond documents. The resulting bond documents, authorizing resolution, staff report, and other relevant docket materials will be submitted for final approval by the Housing Authority, a minimum of four weeks prior to the Housing Authority meeting date, at which the adoption by the Housing Authority of a resolution authorizing the issuance of the bonds is to be considered.

**8. TENANT RELOCATION**

8.1 As required by CDLAC regulations (Section 5211 "TenantRelocation") if low-income tenants will receive a rent increase exceeding five percent (5%) of their current rent, then a relocation plan is required to address economic displacement. Where applicable, the project proponent shall provide evidence that their location plan is consistent with the Uniform Relocation Assistance and Real Property Acquisition Policy Act (42 U.S.C. 61).

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**9. PROHIBITION OF CERTAIN "SUBSTANTIAL USERS"**

9.1 The Housing Commission and Housing Authority, each in its sole and absolute discretion, reserves the right to reject and not issue bonds for proposed projects where, in the proposed financial structure, the proposed bond purchaser is the same entity or a related entity as the project owner (including, but not limited to, tax credit investor limited partners) or involves any other arrangement which may limit the Housing Commission or Housing Authority's ability to charge administrative fees in the amounts detailed in Section 1.7-8 above, including but not limited to the circumstances described in Section 1.8-9 above.

**10. POST ISSUANCE COMPLIANCE**

10.1 Use of Bond Proceeds and Bond-Financed or Refinanced Assets. It is the Housing Commission's policy that the project owner shall be responsible for:

- A. Monitoring the use of bond proceeds and the use of bond-financed or refinanced assets (e.g., facilities, furnishings or equipment) throughout the term of the bonds to ensure compliance with covenants and restrictions set forth in the documents relating to the bonds;
- B. Maintaining records identifying the assets or portion of assets that are financed or refinanced with proceeds of each issue of bonds, including a final allocation of bond proceeds;
- C. Consulting with bond counsel and other legal counsel and advisers in the review of any contracts or arrangements involving use of bond-financed or refinanced assets to ensure compliance with all covenants and restrictions set forth in the documents relating to the bonds;
- D. Maintaining records for any contracts or arrangements involving the use of bond-financed or refinanced assets as described in 10.2 below;
- E. Conferring at least annually with personnel responsible for bond-financed or refinanced assets to identify and discuss any existing or planned use of bond-financed or refinanced assets, to ensure that those uses are consistent with all covenants and restrictions set forth in the bond documents; and
- F. To the extent that the project owner discovers that any applicable tax restrictions regarding use of bond proceeds and bond-financed or refinanced assets will or may be violated, consult promptly with bond counsel and other legal counsel and advisers to determine a course of action to remediate all nonqualified bonds, if such counsel advises that a remedial action is necessary.

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10.2. Record Keeping Requirement. It is the Housing Commission's policy that the project owner shall be responsible for maintaining the following documents for the term of each issue of bonds (including refunding bonds, if any), plus at least three years:

- A. A copy of the bond closing transcript(s) and other relevant documentation delivered to the project owner at or in connection with closing of the bond issue;
- B. A copy of all material documents relating to capital expenditures financed or refinanced by bond proceeds, including (without limitation) construction contracts, purchase orders, invoices, trustee requisitions and payment records, draw requests for bond proceeds and evidence as to the amount and date for each expenditure of bond proceeds, as well as documents relating to costs paid or reimbursed with bond proceeds and records identifying the assets or portion of assets that are financed or refinanced with bond proceeds, including a final allocation of bond proceeds;
- C. A copy of all contracts and arrangements involving the use of bond-financed or refinanced assets; and
- D. In respect of any investment of bond proceeds or collateral securing the repayment of the bonds, a copy of all records of investments, investment agreements, arbitrage reports and underlying documents, including trustee or fiscal agent statements, in connection with any investment agreements, and copies of all bidding documents, if any.

For housing bond financings subject to the requirements of Section 142(d) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended (the "Code"), it is the Housing Commission's policy that the project owner shall be responsible for maintaining until the end of the "qualified project period" within the meaning of Section 142(d)(2)(A) of the Code, plus at least three years, a copy of all records evidencing compliance with the requirement of Section 142(d) of the Code, including tenant income verifications, leases and tenant records.

The project owner, in the documents relating to the bonds and/or other documents finalized at or before the issuance of the bonds, shall agree to the foregoing records retention requirements and procedures.

10.3 At completion of the new construction or rehabilitation work, the project owner shall provide to the Housing Commission staff a certification from the project's architect that the project includes all design elements that formed the basis for CDLAC's award of bond allocation points (including but not limited to sustainable building methods and/or energy efficiency elements). Additionally, at or before completion of the new construction or rehabilitation of the project, and in any event prior to conversion of bonds to permanent financing, the project owner shall provide the Housing Commission with the final actual sources and uses of funds in the form of an independent cost certification and shall confirm to the Housing Commission staff that such sources and expenditures comply with all state and federal legal requirements, including the requirements set forth in the tax or arbitrage certificate with respect to tax-exempt bonds.

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- 10.4 Annual Certification of Public Benefits and On-going Compliance - As required by CDLAC regulations, all projects that receive a CDLAC bond allocation and are within an existing regulatory period and/or compliance period, shall be monitored by the Housing Commission staff for compliance with the terms and conditions of the CDLAC allocation resolution. The Housing Commission may choose to hire an outside compliance monitoring firm to assist with such requirements. It is acknowledged that the Housing Authority is required to collect, from the project owner the Certification of Compliance I, Certification of Compliance II, and CDLAC Completion Certificate, for each issuance of bonds, when applicable. The Housing Authority will rely on the information in the Certifications of Compliance I and Certificates of II in completing Applicant Public Benefit forms to CDLAC; however CDLAC may request copies of those forms be submitted to in on a case by case basis.
- A. Annually, on or before February 1 of each year until the expiration of the later of the qualified project period or compliance period under the applicable CDLAC Resolution and Bond Regulatory Agreement, the project owner shall provide a written certification of compliance to the Housing Commission, to confirm that the completed project meets the terms and conditions stated in the CDLAC Resolution.
  - B. The Housing Commission shall review the project owner's certification of compliance and may request supporting documents that evidence compliance as necessary in the sole reasonable discretion of the Housing Commission.
  - C. Annually, no later than March 1 of each year until the expiration of the qualified project period or compliance period under the CDLAC Resolution and Bond Regulatory Agreement, the Housing Commission shall complete and submit to CDLAC the Certification of Compliance I or II For Qualified Residential Rental Projects in such format as required by CDLAC, indicating that the completed project meets the terms and conditions stated in the applicable CDLAC Resolution.
  - D. The project owner is also required to submit IRS Form 8703 annually to the IRS on or before each March 31 as long as the bond are outstanding. Form 8703 provides annual information to the IRS to help them determine whether a project continues to be a qualified residential rental project under section 142(d) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended.
  - E. For projects receiving allocation of bond authority from CDLAC after December 31, 2016, CDLAC requires that a review of 20% of all management files associated with federally bond-restricted units either on site or electronically be performed upon project completion and every 3 years thereafter.
  - F. For projects which are not satisfying the terms and conditions stated in the CDLAC Resolution, the Housing Commission will work with CDLAC staff and Housing Commission legal counsel to institute remedial action, as necessary, including an action for specific performance or other available remedy. The Housing Commission may disqualify a bond application from any project owner or member of the development partnership who is not in compliance with CDLAC's Post Issuance Compliance requirements, as determined by the Housing Commission and/or by CDLAC.

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- 10.5 Transfer of Ownership. The Housing Commission reserves the right to approve any voluntary change in ownership of a bond-financed project (i) to another owner, (ii) that results in a transfer of 50% or more of the total equity interests in a project owner, or (iii) that results in a transfer of any general partner or managing member interest in the project owner. Such approval of transfer ownership shall be at the discretion of the Housing Commission subject to any additional requirements set forth in the applicable tax certificate or Bond Regulatory Agreement. The Housing Commission shall review management practices of the proposed transferee's current and previously owned multifamily housing rental properties. Any proposed transferee (including individuals within an ownership) whose currently-owned multifamily housing rental properties have been found by the Housing Commission to have deficiencies that have not been resolved within the time frame prescribed by the City, Housing Authority or Housing Commission or other local government authority, may not assume ownership of, or an ownership interest in, any bond financed project. The Housing Commission may initiate additional inspections to verify findings.
- 10.6 Carryforward Election. With respect to each allocation of tax-exempt private activity bond issue authority to the Housing Authority in a given calendar year for which less than all of the allocation of volume cap was used, the Housing Commission staff shall contact CDLAC requesting confirmation of the amount, if any, of carryforward election the San Diego Housing Commission, through a resolution from the Housing Authority, shall make under section 146(±) of the Internal Revenue Code, and the San Diego Housing Commission, through a resolution from the Housing Authority, will timely file a Form 8328 with the IRS.
- 10.7 Arbitrage Rebate Compliance. The project owner shall comply with all applicable federal tax laws set forth in the tax or arbitrage certificate and bond documents, including arbitrage rebate compliance. Upon request, the project owner shall provide the Housing Commission with documentation that verifies compliance with federal tax laws set forth in the tax or arbitrage certificate and bond documents, including rebate compliance reports.
- 10.8 Other Required Disclosures. The project owner shall be solely responsible for any and all continuing disclosures under any applicable Securities and Exchange Commission and any Municipal Securities Rulemaking Board (MSRB) rules, requirements and regulations (including but not limited to fixed rate bond issuances with Fannie Mae and/or Freddie Mac involvement).

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Authorized:

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~~Emily Jacobs Tina Kessler~~  
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San Diego Housing Commission

Date

Date

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- Adopted: 10/16/1989
  - Revised: 6/23/1992
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  - Revised: 6/04/1999
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**1. SUMMARY**

- 1.1 Federal, state and local legislation authorize the issuance of mortgage revenue bonds by local governments to finance the development, acquisition, construction and rehabilitation of multifamily rental projects. The interest on the bonds can be exempt from federal and state income taxation, and provide below market rate financing for qualified projects. In addition, properly- structured tax-exempt mortgage revenue bonds can qualify projects for allocations of federal low- income housing tax credits, which may provide a significant portion of the funding necessary to develop affordable housing. The San Diego Housing Commission ("Housing Commission") has established a program (the "Program") to issue mortgage revenue bonds for qualified multifamily rental projects within the City of San Diego (the "City"). The Housing Commission's Program uses tax-exempt and taxable mortgage revenue bonds (including notes and other debt instruments) issued by the Housing Authority of the City of San Diego ("Housing Authority"), as approved and recommended by the Housing Commission, to subsidize the development of affordable rental housing within the City.
- 1.2 There is no direct legal liability to the City, the Housing Authority or the Housing Commission in connection with the issuance or repayment of bonds; there is no pledge of the City's or the Housing Authority's faith, credit or taxing power and the bonds do not constitute general obligations of the issuer because the security for repayment of bonds is limited to project revenue and other sources specified in the documentation for each financing. Bonds for affordable housing projects are often effectively structured as real estate loans, and the obligation to repay the bonds is secured by a first deed of trust on the bond-financed property. The Program is completely self-supporting; developers must secure funding to pay for costs of issuance of the bonds and all other costs of each financing.
- 1.3 Bonds issued under the Program should generally be privately placed with a financial institution, or publicly issued with a minimum rating of "A", or its equivalent, by one or more of the nationally recognized rating agencies listed in Section 4.1. Proceeds of the bonds may be used for both costs of construction or rehabilitation and permanent financing. The effective mortgage rate is the aggregate of the applicable bond rate and the add-on fees charged under the program, such as lender, trustee, issuer's fee, etc. The bond rate, for fixed rate bonds, is determined at the time of a bond sale and the resulting mortgage rate is typically below conventional mortgage rates. The project loans generally have a 30-year amortization schedule although the bond maturity may be shorter.
- 1.4 The goals of the Program include: increase and preserve the supply of affordable rental housing; encourage economic integration within residential communities; maintain a quality living environment for residents of assisted projects and surrounding properties; and, in the event of provision of public funds towards the project, optimize the effectiveness of Housing Commission, or other public funding by maximizing the leveraging of private sector funds.
- 1.5 The bond issuance and related loan amount for individual projects is based upon project costs, interest rates, revenues available to pay debt service, and the appraised value of the project being financed. As approved and recommended by the Housing Commission, the Housing Authority will consider multiple properties as part of a single bond financing on a case by case basis. If a tax-exempt financing is involved, bond and related loan amounts will be subject to the procedures of the California Debt Limit Allocation Committee ("CDLAC"), as described in Section 2.3 below.

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- 1.6 Projects must consist of complete rental units, including kitchens and bathrooms. Bond proceeds may be used for costs of land acquisition (up to 25% of tax-exempt bond proceeds), construction, rehabilitation, improvements, architectural and engineering services, construction interest, loan fees and other capital costs of the project incurred after the date sixty days before the bond inducement date specified in Section 7.3. Tax-exempt bond proceeds cannot be used to acquire property from a party related to the buyer. No more than 2% of tax-exempt bond proceeds can be used to finance costs of issuance, such as the services of the financing team members, rating and printing of bonds, cost related to bond allocation, etc. Pursuant to federal tax-exempt bond requirements, if bonds are used for acquisition and rehabilitation, an amount equal to at least 15 percent of the portion of the acquisition cost of the building and related equipment financed with the proceeds of bonds must be used for rehabilitation of the project. The loans are assumable upon transfer of the project with the approval of the credit enhancement provider or bond purchaser, and the President and Chief Executive Officer of the Housing Commission ("CEO") or designee.
- 1.7 The San Diego Housing Authority has authorized the Housing Commission CEO or designee to adopt inducement resolutions. The San Diego City Council ("City Council") has authorized the Housing Commission to hold Tax Equity and Fiscal Responsibility Act ("TEFRA") hearings on behalf of the City Council by the Housing Commission CEO or designee. The City's approval, by its applicable elected representative, shall remain required for completion of the TEFRA process, and the Housing Authority's approval shall remain required for final bond authorization.
- 1.8 The Housing Commission receives compensation for its services in preparing bond issuances by charging an up-front administrative fee payable at the bond closing. In addition, the Housing Commission also receives ongoing, annual fees for compliance monitoring of regulatory restrictions and administrative oversight of outstanding bond issues.
- A. The administrative fee due on the bond closing date, is an amount equal to 25 basis points (0.25%) of the initial principal amount of bonds issued (or in the case of draw-down bonds [a bond structure with multiple draws over time]) the initial maximum authorized principal amount of bonds), not to exceed for tax-exempt and taxable bonds the amount otherwise allowed by the Internal Revenue Service ("IRS").
- B. The annual ongoing administrative fee will be an amount equal to (a) prior to conversion to permanent financing, 0.125% of the maximum authorized principal amount of the bonds as of the closing date for the bonds, and (b) after conversion to permanent financing, if applicable, 0.125% of the outstanding principal amount of the bonds immediately after conversion to permanent financing; however, the annual ongoing fee in any event will not be less than \$10,000. The annual fee will be charged each year during the compliance period under the Bond Regulatory Agreement for the project (see Section 3.1), to recover administrative and monitoring costs of the Housing Commission, which will be charged to all projects for such compliance period, including projects where bonds are fully repaid prior to the end of the compliance period. The ongoing annual fee will be due and payable without the requirement for any invoice to be delivered to the project owner, on the first day of the month in which the anniversary of the bond closing occurs based on the facts in existence as of such first day of such month. In no event shall the annual bond administrative fee exceed \$62,500 per year.
- C. The annual ongoing administrative fee will remain fixed based on using the principal amount of bonds outstanding at permanent financing conversion regardless of any later reductions of the outstanding principal of the bonds.
- D. Additional monitoring fees may be charged for monitoring affordable housing units

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governed by regulatory agreements in addition to the Bond Regulatory Agreement.

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- E. At the time of the application, the project proponent must pay a \$3,000 non-refundable application fee to the Housing Commission.
- 1.9 Due to IRS limitations applicable to fees charged by issuers of tax-exempt bonds where the bond purchaser and the tax credit investor are the same or related entities, the Housing Commission will not recommend, and the Housing Authority will not issue, bonds for projects where the tax credit investor is also the same or a related entity to the bond purchaser. Exceptions may be granted on an extremely limited case-by-case basis and at the discretion of the Housing Authority's Executive Director or designee.
- 1.10 To the extent that contractors will be providing services on behalf of a project proponent or a project owner related to the requirements of these Policies, the project proponent or project owner, as applicable, shall provide the Housing Commission with a written statement describing their relationship with the contractor and any rights the contractor has to income and obligations generated from any proposed bond issuance activity.
- 2. TYPES OF BONDS**
- 2.1 The Housing Authority, as approved and recommended by the Housing Commission, may issue either tax-exempt or taxable bonds (which include notes or other debt instruments), or both. Taxable bonds would generally be issued only in combination with tax-exempt bonds. Taxable bonds do not require TEFRA or an allocation of tax-exempt bond authority from CDLAC but still require compliance with State law requirements governing the Housing Authority's ability to issue bonds.
- 2.2 The interest paid on taxable bonds is not exempt from federal taxation. These bonds are not subject to federal volume "cap" limitations and therefore do not require allocation authority from CDLAC. Taxable bond issues must meet all applicable requirements of this Policy (including rating requirements), State law requirements and any additional regulations that may be promulgated, from time to time, by the Housing Commission.
- 2.3 Bond interest that is tax-exempt under federal tax law (other than refunding bonds and 501(c)(3) bonds described below) requires an allocation of bond authority from CDLAC. To obtain the allocation, the Housing Commission, through a resolution from the Housing Authority, must submit an application to CDLAC on behalf of the project proponent. Submittal of the application is at the discretion of the Housing Commission through a resolution from the Housing Authority, not the project proponent. The project proponent must provide all deposits and pay all fees required by CDLAC when due.
- 2.4 The Housing Authority, upon the approval and recommendation of the Housing Commission, may issue bonds described in section 145(c) of the federal tax code on behalf of qualified nonprofit organizations. The interest on these 501(c)(3) bonds is tax-exempt and these bonds do not require an allocation from CDLAC, but cannot be used with the Low Income Housing Tax Credit Program.
- 2.5 The Housing Authority, upon the approval and recommendation of the Housing Commission, will consider the issuance of bonds to refund outstanding bonds subject to the following conditions:
- A. The project proponent agrees to cover all costs of the issuer, including costs for the issuer's municipal advisor, bond counsel, and trustee (if applicable).

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- B. The affordability restrictions of the existing bond regulatory agreement are subject to extension. The Housing Commission reserves the right to impose additional requirements on a case by case basis. All specifics of refunding proposals must be approved by the Housing Authority.
- C. The provisions of Section 52080(g) of the California Health and Safety Code shall apply to projects financed under the Program, which requires that low-income units remain affordable, except in certain circumstances, until thirty (30) years after the commencement of the qualified project period (as referred to therein).
- D. Except in limited circumstances, the provisions of Sections 65863.10 and 65863.11 of the California Government Code shall apply to projects financed under the Program, and project proponents are advised to review the requirements of such Sections.
- E. Default refunding applications require a default refunding analysis (to determine the eligibility for a default refunding). The Housing Commission shall choose the firm to conduct the analysis. The project applicant will deposit the cost for the study with the Housing Commission before the study begins.
- 2.6 Bonds for projects are intended to be non-recourse conduit financing in which none of the Housing Commission, the Housing Authority or the City will be responsible for the repayment of the debt. The Housing Authority's own capital improvement plans and budgets should not be impacted by the bond financing of projects

**3. AFFORDABILITY REQUIREMENTS**

- 3.1 Term of Rental and Affordability Restrictions - The project must remain as rental housing and continuously meet the affordability requirements as provided in Sections 3.2, 3.3 and 3.4 for the longer of (a) the Qualified Project Period (as defined in Internal Revenue Code of 1986), (b) as long as the bonds remain outstanding, (c) such period as may be required in the opinion of Bond Counsel to satisfy applicable federal or State law, or (d) such period as maybe required by CDLAC (typically 55 years). Additional affordability may be required as described in 2.5(C) above. The rent of "in-place" tenants at the conclusion of the required affordability period will continue to be governed by the applicable affordability restriction, so long as those tenants continue to live in the development. The Housing Commission, through a resolution from the Housing Authority, reserves the right to impose additional affordability restrictions.

A Bond Regulatory Agreement containing the rental and affordability restrictions will be recorded against the project property and must be complied with by subsequent owners. The Bond Regulatory Agreement may be terminated upon expiration of restrictions or in the event of casualty loss or foreclosure, and the subsequent retirement of bonds as a result of foreclosure.

The Bond Regulatory Agreement will be drafted by the Housing Authority's bond counsel for the financing and must be in a form acceptable to and approved by the Housing Commission, through a resolution from the Housing Authority. The Bond Regulatory Agreement will set forth federal, state and Housing Authority requirements applicable to the operation of the project and pursuant to Section 5220(c)(l) of the CDLAC Regulations must incorporate by reference and as an attachment the CDLAC resolution allocating private activity bond authority to the Housing Authority for the project.

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State law requires advance notice and other requirements upon termination of affordability requirements, some of which also place restrictions on the sale of previously affordable housing projects, pursuant to the provisions described in 2.5(D) above.

3.2 **Income Restrictions** - To be eligible for tax-exempt bond financing, federal law requires that the project meet one of the following conditions:

- A. A minimum of 20% of the units in the project must be set aside for occupancy by households whose incomes do not exceed 50% of area median income, as adjusted for family size; or
- B. A minimum of 40% of the units in the project must be set aside for occupancy by households whose incomes do not exceed 60% of area median income, as adjusted by family size.

In any event, State law requires that a minimum of 10% of the units in the project be set aside for occupancy by households whose incomes do not exceed 50% of area median income, as adjusted for family size, at specified rent levels.

Project owners must certify their tenant's eligibility semi-annually or as otherwise required by the Housing Commission in the applicable Bond Regulatory Agreement. If a tenant is no longer eligible, the next available unit in the project (if federal tax credits apply to the project, in the building in which the unit was located) must be rented to a new eligible tenant and the current tenant's rent can be raised to a market level. A unit occupied only by full time students does not count towards the very low and low income unit set-aside requirements.

Affordability definitions are based on the area median income for the County of San Diego as established by the US Department of Housing and Urban Development. The median income is subject to change annually. Household size is determined under Section 34312.3(c)(1)(B) and (c)(2)(B) of the California Health and Safety Code consistent with Section 42(g)(2)(C) of the Internal Revenue Code. Section 42(g)(2)(C) requires that, in calculating rents, occupancy of units is assumed to be one person per studio unit, and for each other unit with one or more separate bedrooms, 1.5 individuals for each separate bedroom.

3.3 **Rent Restrictions** - The maximum rent for the affordable set-aside units shall not exceed 30% of one-twelfth of 50% of area median income, or 30% of one-twelfth of 60% of area median income (as the case may be, depending on the selected set-aside). The maximum rent amounts are further reduced by a utility allowance for tenant-paid utilities in the amounts determined by the Housing Commission's CEO or designee. In the event tax-exempt bonds are used with Low Income Housing Tax Credits, or any other public funds, the most restrictive rents of the applicable programs shall apply. The affordability of restricted units in relation to the project's market rents will be considered as part of the Housing Commission's approval of the financing. The maximum rent amounts will also apply if the set-aside units are occupied by Section 8 tenants (tenant based vouchers).

In calculating restricted rents, household size/occupancy shall be described in the last paragraph of Section 3.2 above.

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- 3.4 Unit Distribution - The set-aside units must proportionately reflect the mix of all units in the project, be distributed throughout the project and have the same floor area, amenities, and access to project facilities as market-rate units. The objective of the program is to provide a set-aside of units with lower rents, not to create special "low-income sections" within larger developments.
- 3.5 Additional Affordability Restrictions under Restructuring of Existing Bond Issues- Additional public benefit in the form of deeper income targeting; additional rent restrictions; extension of the term of restrictions; additional number of restricted units; or any combination thereof, will be negotiated in connection with refundings or debt restructurings of existing bond issues. The level of additional restrictions will be determined in the context of the overall financial feasibility of each financing. Should the bond restructuring result in an extension of the maturity of the bonds, a minimum of 10% of the units in the project will be set aside for occupancy by households whose incomes do not exceed 50% of area median income, as adjusted for family size, with rents set at the corresponding affordability level, for the term of the restructured bond.
- 4. CREDIT CONSIDERATIONS**
- 4.1 Required Rating on the Bonds - Any bonds issued under the Program that are sold to the public should be rated "A", or its equivalent, or better from one or more of the following nationally recognized rating agencies: Moody's Investors Service, S&P Global Ratings, or Fitch Ratings. The same rating requirement applies in the case of a substitution of existing credit facility for bonds that are outstanding.
- 4.2 Credit Enhancement- A preferred way of obtaining the required rating on the bonds in accordance with Section 4.1 is through the provision of additional, outside credit support for the bond issue provided by rated, financially strong private institutions, such as government sponsored entities (including the Federal National Mortgage Association [Fannie Mae] or the Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation [Freddie Mac]), other government insured mortgage programs, or other qualified credit enhancement providers as long as the minimum bond rating is obtained. The rating on such bonds is determined based on the credit worthiness of the participating credit enhancement provider. The project proponent is required to identify and obtain any such credit enhancement. As the primary source of security for the repayment of bonds, the credit enhancement provider reviews and approves the borrower (credit, financial capability, experience, etc.) and the project and its feasibility, including the size of the loan and the terms of repayment, using their own underwriting criteria.
- 4.3 Rated Bonds Without Credit Enhancement- Fixed rate bonds can be issued without credit enhancement if the proposed financing structure results in the required minimum rating on the bonds by a rating agency as provided in Section 4.1. However, bonds issued without credit enhancement will only be sold to qualified institutional buyers ("QIBs") as defined under Rule 144 A of the Securities Act of 1933 and in minimum \$100,000 denominations, unless waived by the CEO in its sole discretion.

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4.4 Privately Placed Bonds - The rating requirement specified in Section 4.1 is waived under the following conditions:

- A. The bonds are privately placed with QIBs, or institutional "accredited investors," as defined in Sections 501(a)(1), (2), (3) or (7) of Regulation D promulgated under the Securities Act of 1933, or any entity in which all of the equity owners meet the requirements of at least one such subsection.
- B. The bonds must be sold in minimum \$ 100,000 denominations.
- C. All initial and subsequent purchasers (including purchasers of participation interests in the bonds) must sign a sophisticated investor letter (Investor Letter) in a form approved by the Housing Commission. While the bonds remain unrated, their transferability will be restricted to QIBs or institutional accredited investors who sign an Investor Letter.
- D. Unless otherwise approved by the Housing Commission Board, the bonds may not be held at any time by more than 5 investors.
- E. Upon terms acceptable to the Housing Commission, bonds may be placed in a trust or custodial arrangement with participations sold to investors.
- F. The San Diego Housing Commission through a resolution from the Housing Authority as issuer reserves the right to require that a trustee or fiscal agent participate in privately placed bond transactions.

The purpose of these conditions is to assure that the bonds are placed with investors who are experienced in investing in unrated municipal securities and can conduct their own analysis or real estate credit underwriting. Bond funds and affordable lending financial institutions are the types of entities this condition anticipates.

- 4.5 Bonds with Hedges/SWAPs. The project proponent shall disclose to the Housing Commission at the time of application of its intention to purchase an interest rate cap, hedge or swap, and such instrument shall be obtained in an arm's length transaction. Under no circumstances shall the Housing Commission or Housing Authority be a party to such swaps or hedges.
- 4.6 Indemnification. The project owner shall agree to defend and indemnify the Housing Authority against liability related to the bond financing and the project, and agree to reimburse the Housing Authority for all expenses incurred by the Housing Authority in issuing the bonds and monitoring the project. The Housing Commission, through a resolution from the Housing Authority, reserves the right to require a parent company or personal guaranty of such indemnification and expense reimbursement obligations.
- 5. **OTHER ISSUERS**
  - 5.1 The Housing Authority, in very limited situations, will allow issuers other than the Housing Authority to issue bonds for multifamily housing projects located within the City of San Diego.

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Any project proponent considering the use of any issuer other than the Housing Authority should contact Housing Commission staff prior to proceeding with the project and obtain written approval for use of an outside issuer. The required City approvals of bond issuances by issuers other than the Housing Authority will be recommended only if the financing proposal is part of a pooled issuance involving projects located in multiple jurisdictions and the project proponent can demonstrate that a pooled issuance is required for the projects to be financial viable. All Housing Authority affordability requirements, procedures and requirements will apply to projects using "outside issuers," including an issuance fee of 0.25 percent of the bond issuance amount to be paid to the Housing Authority upon issuance of the bonds as described in Section 1.8 above. A TEFRA hearing and approval by the City Council of the City ("City Council"), as described in Section 7.4, on behalf of another issuer will include a provision that the owner, operator or manager of the project considered for financing by tax-exempt debt will not change without the prior approval of the Housing Commission's CEO or designee. Units governed by the applicable Bond Regulatory Agreement using tax-exempt financing shall be monitored by Housing Commission staff for compliance with the terms and conditions of the applicable CDLAC resolution annually or as otherwise determined by the Housing Authority and are subject to annual Housing Commission monitoring fees in accordance with the most current Housing Commission fee schedule.

**6. SELECTION OF THE FINANCING TEAM**

- 6.1 Through separate Requests for Qualifications ("RFQ"), a pool of bond counsels, and a pool of municipal advisors, will be established to serve as financing team participants on individual bond transactions. The RFQ process is a fair and competitive process which includes advertising, a competitive selection process and interviewing, if necessary. Firms will be selected in accordance with the Housing Commission's applicable equal opportunity policies.
- 6.2 The establishment of each pool will be made by a selection committee with the approval of the Housing Commission Board. The selection committee will consist of Housing Commission staff and representatives from other City departments, such as the City Attorney's Office, City Auditor, and Debt Management. Generally, the selection will be made for a one -year period. The term may be extended for four additional one-year periods by the CEO or designee.
- 6.3 The bond counsel and municipal advisor specifically represent the interests and concerns of the Housing Commission, the Housing Authority and the City in ensuring the integrity of the bond transaction. The project sponsor may, at its own expense, add additional members to the finance team to represent its interests.
- 6.4 The municipal advisor for each transaction will be designated by the CEO or designee from the selected pool for approval by the Housing Commission Board based on past performance, experience with similar transactions, and capacity to meet the project deadlines. The municipal advisor will prepare a feasibility study on whether it is economically advisable to proceed with the financing, including: evaluation of the financial strength of the project; assumptions regarding income and expenses; sources of security for bonds in addition to a mortgage on the project; the borrower's financial situation and experience in operating and managing multifamily rental projects; marketability of the bonds; rights and resources of parties to the transaction in the event of default. The municipal advisor will provide financial advice on all relevant issues to best protect the interests of the City and the Housing Authority. The compensation for municipal advisory services to determine whether it is advisable to proceed with a financing will not be payable by the project proponent and will not be contingent on the sale of the bonds.

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- 6.5 Bond counsel will be designated for each financing by the CEO or designee from the selected pool based on past performance, experience with similar transactions, and capacity to meet the project deadlines, subject to approval by the Housing Commission Board. Bond counsel will prepare the necessary legal documentation for the bonds, including provisions regarding compliance with any applicable continuing disclosure requirements, provide an opinion regarding the validity of the bonds and their tax exempt status (if applicable), and provide legal advice on all relevant issues to best protect the interests of the Housing Commission, the City and the Housing Authority, including but not limited to the project monitoring requirements for federal tax State law and CDLAC purposes.
- 6.6 Bond Underwriter /Remarketing Agent/Private Placement Purchaser -The project proponent shall select the construction and permanent lender/bond purchaser and method of selling the bonds for a given transaction, subject to the requirements set forth herein and the approval of the Housing Commission. Except as provided in Section 1.8 above, the Housing Authority will not allow a bond transaction where the tax credit investor is also the bond purchaser or a related party thereto. The practice of allowing the project proponent to propose the lender and bond structure is intended to create an incentive for qualified financial firms to actively work with borrowers to structure and present feasible financing proposals that meet Program requirements.
- 6.7 In the event the project proponent has not identified a proposed financing structure for a given transaction, the Housing Commission will select an underwriter, lender, or private placement purchaser through a request for proposals process.
- 6.8 Any bond trustee or fiscal agent (a financial institution designated by the Housing Authority as the custodian of funds and official representative of bondholders), if required by the Housing Commission as the bond structure for the financing, will be approved by the CEO or designee based upon a request for proposals process.
- 7. THE FINANCING PROCESS**
- 7.1 Application - A project proponent interested in new-money financing must submit an application for bond financing, or in the case of an existing financing a request for bond refunding or restructuring, to the Housing Commission. Part of the required information is a disclosure statement, on each of the parties involved in the developer /ownership entity. Housing Commission staff will review the application for feasibility. The application is found on the Housing Commission's website.
- 7.2 Deposit-At the time of the application, the project proponent must post a \$10,000 application deposit to cover the preliminary costs of the Housing Commission related to the proposed bond issuance, reissuance or restructuring. If the financing proceeds to closing, the deposit may be subject to return after the bond closing. If the bond issue does not proceed to closing, then the \$10,000 application deposit will become nonrefundable, and will be retained by the Housing Commission for payment toward the preliminary costs incurred by the Housing Commission and its consultants. The \$10,000 application deposit may be waived by the CEO or designee.

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- 7.3 **Inducement/Reimbursement Resolution**- In conjunction with the City Attorney's Office and bond counsel, a bond inducement/reimbursement resolution (hereafter an "inducement resolution") will be drafted and adopted by the Housing Commission pursuant to the authority granted by Housing Authority resolution.. All new money projects must be the subject of an inducement resolution. An inducement resolution is a conditional expression of the Housing Authority's "official intent" to issue bonds for a given project and is required for tax-exempt financing under Treasury Regulation Section 1.150-2(e). Adoption of the inducement resolution establishes, through the public record, the date from which project costs incurred may be determined to be eligible for financing under the Program with proceeds of tax-exempt bonds. Therefore, applicants are encouraged to induce their projects as soon as practicable to clearly identify the project, its location, maximum number of units, the maximum amount of financing, and the proposed ownership entity.
- A. **Inducement Resolution** - The Housing Authority has granted the CEO of the Housing Commission or designee the authority to adopt bond inducement resolutions.
- B. **Application to CDLAC** - The inducement resolution also authorizes Housing Commission staff to submit an application to CDLAC, on behalf of the project proponent, for a private activity bond allocation if the bonds are to be tax-exempt.
- C. **No Binding Financial Commitment** - Adoption of the inducement resolution does not represent any commitment by the Housing Commission, Housing Authority, or the project proponent to proceed with the financing. The adoption by the Housing Authority of an inducement resolution, by itself, does not authorize any subordinate financing by the Housing Commission or any other entity of the City. The Housing Authority retains absolute discretion over the issuance of bonds through adoption of a required resolution authorizing such issuance and approving related bond documents.
- D. **No Land Use or Building Code Approval** - Adoption of the inducement resolution shall not be construed to signify that the project complies with the planning, zoning, subdivision and building laws and ordinances of the City or suggest that the Housing Authority, the City, or any officer or agent of the Housing Authority or the City will grant any such approval, consent or permit that may be required in connection with the development of a given project.
- 7.4 **TEFRA Hearing and Approval** - In order for interest on the bonds to be tax-exempt and in accordance with the Tax Equity and Fiscal Responsibility Act of 1982 (TEFRA), and Section 147(f) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, the issuance of bonds must be approved by representatives of the governmental unit with jurisdiction over the area in which the project is located, after a public hearing for which a public notice (describing the proposed location of the project, the number of units, and proposed bond issuance amount) is given. City Council has via a resolution granted the CEO of the Housing Commission or designee the authority to hold the TEFRA hearing and adopt bond inducement resolutions. The Housing Authority's approval shall remain required for final approval and bond authorization. The purpose of the public hearing is to provide an opportunity for interested persons to provide their views on the proposed bond issuance and on the nature and location of the project. The TEFRA hearing will be conducted by the CEO of the Housing Commission or designee at the date and time specified in the TEFRA notice. The TEFRA notice shall be published in a newspaper of general circulation within the City or on the Housing Commission's website at least seven days in advance of the TEFRA hearing.

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- 7.5 Bond Allocation - Prior to the issuance of tax exempt bonds (other than 501(c)(3) bonds), the Housing Authority must apply for, and receive an allocation of bond issuing authority from CDLAC. To receive such an allocation, the Housing Authority and the project proponent must document their readiness to proceed with the bond financing, and must comply with all applicable CDLAC regulations.
- 7.6 Performance Deposit - At the time of the application to CDLAC, the project proponent must deposit with the Housing Authority an amount equal to one half of one percent of the requested allocation amount (or such other amount as may be required by CDLAC) as a performance deposit. The deposit will be returned to the project proponent only in accordance with CDLAC procedures; and the deposit is subject to reversion to CDLAC if the financing does not close under applicable CDLAC regulations.
- 7.7 Local Review- All projects must be in compliance with the City's zoning requirements and adopted community plans. Prior to requesting the Housing Authority approval of a new-money bond issuance, the project must undergo all planning procedures and land use approvals, including discretionary review, community planning group review, and environmental analysis, as required. All projects must be reviewed by the applicable community planning group(s) prior to final bond authorization recommendation by the Housing Commission Board of Commissioners.
- 7.8 Coordination with City Finance Representatives- Housing Commission staff will work with the City Attorney's Office, the City's Debt Management Department, and other City departments, as necessary, in preparing bond issuances for affordable housing projects.
- 7.9 Compliance with City's Disclosure Ordinance - As a related entity of the City, the Housing Commission will adhere to the City disclosure ordinance (0-19320) as it may be amended from time to time, which applies to publicly offered bonds. The Housing Commission will present offering statements and disclosure documents for review and approval, as appropriate, by the City's Disclosure Practices Working Group.
- 7.10 Housing Commission/Housing Authority - Final Approval- Housing Commission staff recommendations to proceed with a proposed bond issuance, reissuance, or bond restructuring will be presented for approval by the Housing Commission. If approved, staff will work with the approved financing team to structure the financing and to prepare the necessary bond documents. The resulting bond documents, authorizing resolution, staff report, and other relevant docket materials will be submitted for final approval by the Housing Authority, a minimum of four weeks prior to the Housing Authority meeting date, at which the adoption by the Housing Authority of a resolution authorizing the issuance of the bonds is to be considered.
- 8. TENANT RELOCATION**
- 8.1 As required by CDLAC regulations (Section 5211 "TenantRelocation") if low-income tenants will receive a rent increase exceeding five percent (5%) of their current rent, then a relocation plan is required to address economic displacement. Where applicable, the project proponent shall provide evidence that their location plan is consistent with the Uniform Relocation Assistance and Real Property Acquisition Policy Act (42 U.S.C. 61).

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**9. PROHIBITION OF CERTAIN "SUBSTANTIAL USERS"**

- 9.1 The Housing Commission and Housing Authority, each in its sole and absolute discretion, reserves the right to reject and not issue bonds for proposed projects where, in the proposed financial structure, the proposed bond purchaser is the same entity or a related entity as the project owner (including, but not limited to, tax credit investor limited partners) or involves any other arrangement which may limit the Housing Commission or Housing Authority's ability to charge administrative fees in the amounts detailed in Section 1.8 above, including but not limited to the circumstances described in Section 1.9 above.

**10. POST ISSUANCE COMPLIANCE**

- 10.1 Use of Bond Proceeds and Bond-Financed or Refinanced Assets. It is the Housing Commission's policy that the project owner shall be responsible for:
- A. Monitoring the use of bond proceeds and the use of bond-financed or refinanced assets (e.g., facilities, furnishings or equipment) throughout the term of the bonds to ensure compliance with covenants and restrictions set forth in the documents relating to the bonds;
  - B. Maintaining records identifying the assets or portion of assets that are financed or refinanced with proceeds of each issue of bonds, including a final allocation of bond proceeds;
  - C. Consulting with bond counsel and other legal counsel and advisers in the review of any contracts or arrangements involving use of bond-financed or refinanced assets to ensure compliance with all covenants and restrictions set forth in the documents relating to the bonds;
  - D. Maintaining records for any contracts or arrangements involving the use of bond-financed or refinanced assets as described in 10.2 below;
  - E. Conferring at least annually with personnel responsible for bond-financed or refinanced assets to identify and discuss any existing or planned use of bond-financed or refinanced assets, to ensure that those uses are consistent with all covenants and restrictions set forth in the bond documents; and
  - F. To the extent that the project owner discovers that any applicable tax restrictions regarding use of bond proceeds and bond-financed or refinanced assets will or may be violated, consult promptly with bond counsel and other legal counsel and advisers to determine a course of action to remediate all nonqualified bonds, if such counsel advises that a remedial action is necessary.

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10.2. Record Keeping Requirement. It is the Housing Commission's policy that the project owner shall be responsible for maintaining the following documents for the term of each issue of bonds (including refunding bonds, if any), plus at least three years:

- A. A copy of the bond closing transcript(s) and other relevant documentation delivered to the project owner at or in connection with closing of the bond issue;
- B. A copy of all material documents relating to capital expenditures financed or refinanced by bond proceeds, including (without limitation) construction contracts, purchase orders, invoices, trustee requisitions and payment records, draw requests for bond proceeds and evidence as to the amount and date for each expenditure of bond proceeds, as well as documents relating to costs paid or reimbursed with bond proceeds and records identifying the assets or portion of assets that are financed or refinanced with bond proceeds, including a final allocation of bond proceeds;
- C. A copy of all contracts and arrangements involving the use of bond-financed or refinanced assets; and
- D. In respect of any investment of bond proceeds or collateral securing the repayment of the bonds, a copy of all records of investments, investment agreements, arbitrage reports and underlying documents, including trustee or fiscal agent statements, in connection with any investment agreements, and copies of all bidding documents, if any.

For housing bond financings subject to the requirements of Section 142(d) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended (the "Code"), it is the Housing Commission's policy that the project owner shall be responsible for maintaining until the end of the "qualified project period" within the meaning of Section 142(d)(2)(A) of the Code, plus at least three years, a copy of all records evidencing compliance with the requirement of Section 142(d) of the Code, including tenant income verifications, leases and tenant records.

The project owner, in the documents relating to the bonds and/or other documents finalized at or before the issuance of the bonds, shall agree to the foregoing records retention requirements and procedures.

10.3 At completion of the new construction or rehabilitation work, the project owner shall provide to the Housing Commission staff a certification from the project's architect that the project includes all design elements that formed the basis for CDLAC's award of bond allocation points (including but not limited to sustainable building methods and/or energy efficiency elements). Additionally, at or before completion of the new construction or rehabilitation of the project, and in any event prior to conversion of bonds to permanent financing, the project owner shall provide the Housing Commission with the final actual sources and uses of funds in the form of an independent cost certification and shall confirm to the Housing Commission staff that such sources and expenditures comply with all state and federal legal requirements, including the requirements set forth in the tax or arbitrage certificate with respect to tax-exempt bonds.

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- 10.4 Annual Certification of Public Benefits and On-going Compliance - As required by CDLAC regulations, all projects that receive a CDLAC bond allocation and are within an existing regulatory period and/or compliance period, shall be monitored by the Housing Commission staff for compliance with the terms and conditions of the CDLAC allocation resolution. The Housing Commission may choose to hire an outside compliance monitoring firm to assist with such requirements. It is acknowledged that the Housing Authority is required to collect, from the project owner the Certification of Compliance I, Certification of Compliance II, and CDLAC Completion Certificate, for each issuance of bonds, when applicable. The Housing Authority will rely on the information in the Certifications of Compliance I and Certificates of II in completing Applicant Public Benefit forms to CDLAC; however CDLAC may request copies of those forms be submitted to in on a case by case basis.
- A. Annually, on or before February 1 of each year until the expiration of the later of the qualified project period or compliance period under the applicable CDLAC Resolution and Bond Regulatory Agreement, the project owner shall provide a written certification of compliance to the Housing Commission, to confirm that the completed project meets the terms and conditions stated in the CDLAC Resolution.
  - B. The Housing Commission shall review the project owner's certification of compliance and may request supporting documents that evidence compliance as necessary in the sole reasonable discretion of the Housing Commission.
  - C. Annually, no later than March 1 of each year until the expiration of the qualified project period or compliance period under the CDLAC Resolution and Bond Regulatory Agreement, the Housing Commission shall complete and submit to CDLAC the Certification of Compliance I or II For Qualified Residential Rental Projects in such format as required by CDLAC, indicating that the completed project meets the terms and conditions stated in the applicable CDLAC Resolution.
  - D. The project owner is also required to submit IRS Form 8703 annually to the IRS on or before each March 31 as long as the bond are outstanding. Form 8703 provides annual information to the IRS to help them determine whether a project continues to be a qualified residential rental project under section 142(d) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended.
  - E. For projects receiving allocation of bond authority from CDLAC after December 31, 2016, CDLAC requires that a review of 20% of all management files associated with federally bond-restricted units either on site or electronically be performed upon project completion and every 3 years thereafter.
  - F. For projects which are not satisfying the terms and conditions stated in the CDLAC Resolution, the Housing Commission will work with CDLAC staff and Housing Commission legal counsel to institute remedial action, as necessary, including an action for specific performance or other available remedy. The Housing Commission may disqualify a bond application from any project owner or member of the development partnership who is not in compliance with CDLAC's Post Issuance Compliance requirements, as determined by the Housing Commission and/or by CDLAC.

**BOND ISSUANCE AND POST-ISSUANCE COMPLIANCE POLICY**Subject: **MULTIFAMILY MORTGAGE REVENUE BOND PROGRAM**Number: **P0300.301**Effective Date:  
10/16/89

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- 10.5 **Transfer of Ownership.** The Housing Commission reserves the right to approve any voluntary change in ownership of a bond-financed project (i) to another owner, (ii) that results in a transfer of 50% or more of the total equity interests in a project owner, or (iii) that results in a transfer of any general partner or managing member interest in the project owner. Such approval of transfer ownership shall be at the discretion of the Housing Commission subject to any additional requirements set forth in the applicable tax certificate or Bond Regulatory Agreement. The Housing Commission shall review management practices of the proposed transferee's current and previously owned multifamily housing rental properties. Any proposed transferee (including individuals within an ownership) whose currently-owned multifamily housing rental properties have been found by the Housing Commission to have deficiencies that have not been resolved within the time frame prescribed by the City, Housing Authority or Housing Commission or other local government authority, may not assume ownership of, or an ownership interest in, any bond financed project. The Housing Commission may initiate additional inspections to verify findings.
- 10.6 **Carryforward Election.** With respect to each allocation of tax-exempt private activity bond issue authority to the Housing Authority in a given calendar year for which less than all of the allocation of volume cap was used, the Housing Commission staff shall contact CDLAC requesting confirmation of the amount, if any, of carryforward election the Housing Commission, through a resolution from the Housing Authority, shall make under section 146(±) of the Internal Revenue Code, and the Housing Commission, through a resolution from the Housing Authority, will timely file a Form 8328 with the IRS.
- 10.7 **Arbitrage Rebate Compliance.** The project owner shall comply with all applicable federal tax laws set forth in the tax or arbitrage certificate and bond documents, including arbitrage rebate compliance. Upon request, the project owner shall provide the Housing Commission with documentation that verifies compliance with federal tax laws set forth in the tax or arbitrage certificate and bond documents, including rebate compliance reports.
- 10.8 **Other Required Disclosures.** The project owner shall be solely responsible for any and all continuing disclosures under any applicable Securities and Exchange Commission and any Municipal Securities Rulemaking Board (MSRB) rules, requirements and regulations (including but not limited to fixed rate bond issuances with Fannie Mae and/or Freddie Mac involvement).

San Diego Housing Commission

**BOND ISSUANCE AND POST-ISSUANCE COMPLIANCE POLICY**

Subject: **MULTIFAMILY MORTGAGE REVENUE BOND PROGRAM**

Number: **P0300.301**

Effective Date:  
10/16/89

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Authorized:

Jeff Davis  
Executive Vice President and Chief of Staff  
San Diego Housing Commission

Emily Jacobs  
Senior Vice President, Housing Finance and  
Property Management San Diego Housing  
Commission

\_\_\_\_\_  
Date

\_\_\_\_\_  
Date

History:

- Adopted: 10/16/1989
- Revised: 6/23/1992
- Revised: 6/28/1994
- Revised: 5/28/1996
- Revised: 6/04/1999
- Revised: 9/23/2008
- Revised: 07/30/2013
- Revised: 12/11/2017
- Revised: 06/26/2018
- Revised: 12/08/2020

**ATTACHMENT 3  
SUMMARY OF BOND FINANCED PROJECTS  
THROUGH CALENDAR YEAR 2019**

Project	Address	Council District	Community	Issue Date	Original Issuance Amount	Total Units	Restricted Units	Project Type
16th and Market	640 16th Street	3	Downtown	6/26/07	\$ 40,000,000	136	134	New Construction
Alabama Manor	3822-3866 Alabama Street	3	Greater North Park	4/19/07	\$ 5,808,006	67	66	Acq/Rehab
Alpha Square (2014)	550 14th Street	3	Downtown	3/14/14	\$ 6,200,000	53	53	New Construction
Atmosphere II (2015)	1453 Fourth Avenue	3	Downtown	3/18/15	\$ 25,687,989	105	103	New Construction
Bay Vista Methodist Heights	4888 Logan Avenue	4	Encanto	2/7/08	\$ 24,190,000	268	267	Acq/Rehab
Bella Vista (2017)	4742 Solola Avenue	4	Southeastern San Diego	8/4/17	\$ 35,300,000	170	169	Acq/Rehab
Beyer Courtyard Apartments	920 Beyer Boulevard	8	Otay Mesa-Nestor	10/22/04	\$ 7,400,000	60	59	New Construction
Boulevard Apartments	3137 El Cajon Blvd	3	Greater North Park	5/9/08	\$ 6,000,000	24	23	New Construction
Canyon Rim Apartments	10931 Gerana Street	5	Rancho Penasquitos	6/21/00	\$ 32,440,000	504	352	Acq/Rehab
Casa Colina del Sol Apts	5207 52nd Place	9	Mid-City City Heights	11/21/03	\$ 3,465,000	75	74	Acq/Rehab
Casa Puleta (2017)	1445 South 45th Street	9	Southeastern San Diego	8/18/17	\$ 5,400,000	54	53	Acq/Rehab
Celadon (2013)	929 Broadway	3	Downtown	1/29/13	\$ 21,600,000	121	120	New Construction
Cielo Carmel I (2015)	6050 Camino San Fermin	1	Pacific Highlands Ranch	3/11/15	\$ 16,322,832	107	106	New Construction
Cielo Carmel II (2015)	6050 Camino San Fermin	1	Pacific Highlands Ranch	3/11/15	\$ 13,816,772	90	89	New Construction
City Heights Scattered Sites (2014)	Scattered sites	9	Mid-City City Heights	2/12/14	\$ 8,000,000	132	129	Acq/Rehab
City Scene Apartments (2010)	4105 Georgia Street	3	Greater North Park	11/23/10	\$ 5,400,000	31	30	New Construction
Civita II (2018)	Russell Rd.	7	Mission Valley	4/11/18	\$ 58,800,000	203	201	New Construction
Colina Park North	4333 Dawson Avenue	9	Mid-City City Heights	12/20/07	\$ 4,500,000	64	63	Acq/Rehab
COMM 22 Family Housing (2013)	2225 and 2325 Commercial St.	8	Logan Heights	2/27/13 & 5/30/13	\$ 28,700,000	130	128	New Construction
COMM 22 Senior Housing (2013)	690 Beardsley Street	8	Logan Heights	10/8/13	\$ 15,500,000	70	69	New Construction
Coronado Terrace (2017)	1151 25th Street	8	Otay Mesa-Nestor	10/27/17	\$ 93,395,972	312	310	Acq/Rehab
Creekside Village Apartments	4685 Nogal Street	4	Encanto	6/24/99	\$ 6,000,000	144	43	Acq/Rehab
Del Sol Apartments	3606-3690 Del Sol Boulevard	8	Otay Mesa-Nestor	9/1/06	\$ 12,421,531	91	90	Acq/Rehab
Delta Village Apartments	4368 Delta Street	9	Southeastern San Diego	6/29/05	\$ 9,000,000	108	107	Acq/Rehab
Fairbanks Commons (2012)	15870 Camino San Bernardo	5	Black Mountain Ranch	12/12/12	\$ 35,900,000	165	163	New Construction
Fairbanks Ridge	16016 Babcock Street	5	Black Mountain Ranch	6/28/05	\$ 30,000,000	204	203	New Construction
Fairbanks Square (2013)	16050 Potomac Ridge Road	5	Black Mountain Ranch	11/27/13	\$ 15,370,000	100	98	New Construction
Fairbanks Terrace (2016)	16325 Paseo Del Sur	5	Black Mountain Ranch	4/13/16	\$ 15,300,000	83	82	New Construction
Fairmount Family (2017)	6121 Fairmount Avenue	7	Navajo	12/22/17	\$ 19,536,094	80	79	New Construction
Hillside Gardens Apartments	5802 University Avenue	9	Mid-City Eastern	12/24/04	\$ 37,510,000	380	76	Acq/Rehab
Hillside Views (2018)	5471 Bayview Heights Pl.	4	Eastern	12/18/18	\$ 41,000,000	300	297	Acq/Rehab
Hollywood Palms (2018)	4372 Home Ave.	9	City Heights	1/18/18	\$ 20,048,124	94	93	Acq/Rehab
Independence Point (Willie James Jones) (2014)	327-405 South Willie James Jones Avenue	4	Encanto	7/18/14	\$ 7,525,000	32	31	New Construction
Island Village Apartments	1245 Market Street	3	Downtown	12/31/01	\$ 11,000,000	281	280	New Construction
Kalos Apartments (2011)	3783-3825 Florida Street	3	Greater North Park	7/20/11	\$ 14,588,000	83	82	New Construction
Knox Glen Apartments (2012)	4754 Logan Avenue	4	Encanto	11/7/12	\$ 5,024,982	54	53	Acq/Rehab
Luna at PHR (2017)	Carmel Valley Rd at Village Center Loop Rd	1	Carmel Valley	9/22/17	\$ 21,817,057	79	77	New Construction
Luther Tower (2017)	1455 2nd Avenue	3	Downtown	10/26/17	\$ 18,700,000	200	198	Acq/Rehab
Mayberry Townhomes (2015)	4328-70 & 4490 Mayberry Street	9	Southeastern San Diego	9/1/15	\$ 9,959,732	70	69	Acq/Rehab
Mesa Verde Apartments (2016)	7785 Mission Gorge Road	7	Navajo	4/7/16	\$ 22,378,000	90	89	New Construction
Mirada at La Jolla Colony Apts	7568 Charmant Drive	1	University	8/12/19	\$ 39,601,440	444	89	New Construction
Mission Apts (2011)	1815-1875 Hancock Street	2	Midway - Pacific Highway	5/27/11	\$ 12,888,363	85	84	New Construction
New Palace (2017)	1814 5th Avenue	3	Uptown	9/1/17	\$ 10,500,000	80	79	Acq/Rehab
North Park Seniors (2016)	4200 Texas Street	3	North Park	7/27/16	\$ 15,000,000	76	75	New Construction
Park & Market (2017)	Park & Market Street	3	Downtown	6/20/17	\$ 216,500,000	426	85	New Construction
Parkside Apartments (2018)	4035 Park Haven Ct.	4	Southeastern San Diego	7/3/18	\$ 5,500,000	41	39	Acq/Rehab
Parkside Terrace	505 13th Street	3	Downtown	3/3/08	\$ 17,114,159	77	76	New Construction
Playa Del Sol (2018)	Ocean View Pkwy.	8	Otay Mesa	8/29/18	\$ 10,780,000	42	41	New Construction
Rancho del Norte	16775 Saintsbury Glen	5	Black Mountain Ranch	12/5/03 & 10/3/05	\$ 6,600,000	119	118	New Construction
Rancho del Sol (2015)	6711 Torenia Trail	1	Pacific Highlands Ranch	1/14/15	\$ 17,363,000	96	95	New Construction
Redwood Villa	3060 53rd Street	4	Mid-City Eastern	9/14/07	\$ 6,050,000	92	90	Acq/Rehab
Regency Centre Apartments (2018)	4765 Home Ave.	9	City Heights	11/15/18	\$ 15,305,000	100	99	Acq/Rehab
San Diego Square (2014)	1055 Ninth Avenue	3	Downtown	11/25/14	\$ 17,825,000	156	154	Acq/Rehab
San Ysidro Family Apts. (Paseo La Paz) (2018)	251-263 & 238-240 Cypress Dr.	8	San Ysidro	5/16/18	\$ 28,600,000	139	137	New Construction
Sorrento Tower Apts (2011)	2875 Cowley Way	2	Clairemont Mesa	4/29/11	\$ 14,500,000	198	197	Acq/Rehab
Stratton Apartments	5765 Mount Alifan Drive	6	Clairemont Mesa	6/21/00	\$ 19,825,000	312	218	Acq/Rehab
Studio 15 Apartments	1475 Imperial Avenue	3	Downtown	10/25/06	\$ 20,500,000	275	273	New Construction
Ten Fifty B	1050 B Street	3	Downtown	5/9/08	\$ 48,500,000	229	226	New Construction
Terramar Apartments (2011)	13481-13483 Silver Ivy Lane	5	Torrey Highlands	7/27/11	\$ 3,963,000	21	20	New Construction
Torrey Highlands Apartments	13370 Torrey Meadows Drive	5	Torrey Highlands	7/20/01	\$ 4,780,000	76	75	New Construction
Torrey Vale - Elms & Ivy (2016)	6525 Rancho Del Sol Way	1	Pacific Highlands Ranch	1/15/16	\$ 6,200,000	28	27	New Construction
Town and Country (2017)	4066 Messina Drive	4	Southeastern San Diego	11/21/17	\$ 28,363,000	145	143	Acq/Rehab
Trolley Residential (2015)	4981 Market Street	4	Encanto	6/26/15	\$ 13,000,000	52	51	New Construction
Villa Andalucia Apartments	6587-6595 Rancho Del Sol Way	1	Pacific Highlands Ranch	6/27/02	\$ 2,231,000	32	31	New Construction
Villa Glen Apartments	6984-6996 Torrey Santa Fe Rd.	5	Torrey Highlands	6/27/02	\$ 2,048,000	26	25	New Construction
Village Green Apartments	4140 Bonillo Drive	4	Mid-City Eastern	10/1/09	\$ 9,664,172	93	92	Acq/Rehab
Vista La Rosa (2016)	2002 Rimbey Ave	8	Otay Mesa-Nestor	6/20/16	\$ 48,756,000	240	238	Acq/Rehab
Vista Terrace Hills (2016)	1790 Del Sur Boulevard	8	San Ysidro	9/30/16	\$ 96,690,556	262	260	Acq/Rehab
Westminster Manor (2014)	1730 Third Avenue	3	Uptown	11/18/14	\$ 27,300,791	152	150	Acq/Rehab
Windwood Village Apartments	12730-12770 Briarcrest Place	1	Pacific Highlands Ranch	9/25/02	\$ 6,768,000	92	91	New Construction
<b>Subtotal</b>					<b>\$ 1,583,721,572</b>	<b>9,620</b>	<b>8,186</b>	
Harbor View Villas Apartments (2019)	404 North 47th Street	4	Encanto	5/31/19	\$ 10,000,000	60	59	Acq/Rehab
Wesley Terrace Apts. (2019)	5343 Monroe Avenue	9	College Area	9/6/19	\$ 20,000,000	161	159	Acq/Rehab
West Park (2019)	1830 Fourth Avenue	3	Bankers Hill/Park West	4/1/19	\$ 8,500,000	47	46	Acq/Rehab
14th & Commercial (2019)	1 14th Street	3	East Village	Dec-19	\$ 101,000,000	326	323	New Construction
14C VHPH (2019)	1 14th Street	3	East Village	Dec-19	\$ 22,000,000	81	80	New Construction
Keeler Court (2019)	1290-1294 Keeler Court	9	Southeastern San Diego	Dec-19	\$ 25,000,000	71	70	New Construction
<b>Subtotal</b>					<b>\$ 186,500,000</b>	<b>746</b>	<b>737</b>	
<b>Totals:</b>					<b>\$ 1,770,221,572</b>	<b>10,366</b>	<b>8,923</b>	

Affordable Units Project Type	
4,532	New Construction
+	4,391 Acq/Rehabilitation
	<b>8,923 Total Affordable Units</b>

## HOUSING COMMISSION MULTIFAMILY HOUSING REVENUE BOND PROGRAM SUMMARY

**General Description:** The multifamily housing bond program provides below-market financing (based on bond interest being exempt from income tax) for developers willing to set aside a percentage of project units as affordable housing. Multifamily housing revenue bonds are also known as “private activity” bonds because the projects are owned by private entities, often including nonprofit sponsors and for-profit investors.

**Bond Issuer:** Housing Authority of the City of San Diego. There is no direct legal liability to the City, the Housing Authority or the Housing Commission in connection with the issuance or repayment of bonds. There is no pledge of the City’s faith, credit or taxing power nor of the Housing Authority’s faith or credit. The bonds do not constitute a general obligation of the issuer because security for repayment of the bonds is limited to specific private revenue sources, such as project revenues. The developer is responsible for the payment of costs of issuance and all other costs under each financing.

**Affordability:** Minimum requirement is that at least 20% of the units are affordable at 50% of Area Median Income (AMI). Alternatively, a minimum of 10% of the units may be affordable at 50% AMI with an additional 30% of the units affordable at 60% AMI. The Housing Commission requires that the affordability restriction be in place for a minimum of 15 years. Due to the combined requirements of state, local, and federal funding sources, projects financed under the Bond Program are normally affordable for 30-55 years and often provide deeper affordability levels than the minimum levels required under the Bond Program.

**Rating:** ~~Generally~~ “AAA” or its equivalent with a minimum rating of “A” or, under conditions that meet IRS and Housing Commission requirements, bonds may be unrated for private placement with institutional investors (typically, large banks). Additional security is normally achieved through the provision of outside credit support (“credit enhancement”) by participating financial institutions that underwrite the project loans and guarantee the repayment of the bonds. The credit rating on the bonds reflects the credit quality of the credit enhancement provider.

### Approval Process:

- **Inducement Resolution:** The bond process is initiated when the issuer (Housing Authority) adopts an “Inducement Resolution” to establish the date from which project costs may be reimbursable from bond proceeds (if bonds are later issued) and to authorize staff to work with the financing team to perform a due diligence process. The Housing Authority has granted the CEO of the Housing Commission or designee the authority to adopt bond inducement resolutions or Official Actions. The Inducement Resolution does not represent any commitment by the Housing Commission, Housing Authority, or the developer to proceed with the financing.

- TEFRA Hearing and Resolution (Tax Equity and Fiscal Responsibility Act of 1982): To assure that projects making use of tax-exempt financing meet appropriate governmental purposes and provide reasonable public benefits, the IRS Code requires that a public hearing be held and that the issuance of bonds be approved by representatives of the governmental unit with jurisdiction over the area in which the project is located (The City Council has granted the CEO of the Housing Commission or designee the authority to hold the TEFRA hearing~~City Council~~). This process does not make the Housing Commission, Housing Authority or City financially or legally liable for the bonds or for the project.

~~[Note: It is uncommon for the members of the City Council to be asked to take two actions at this stage in the bond process—one in their capacity as the City Council (TEFRA hearing and resolution) and another as the Housing Authority (bond inducement). Were the issuer (Housing Authority) a more remote entity, the TEFRA hearing and resolution would be the only opportunity for local elected officials to weigh in on the project.]~~

- Application for Bond Allocation: The issuance of these “private activity bonds” (bonds for projects owned by private developers, including projects with nonprofit sponsors and for-profit investors) requires an allocation of bond issuing authority from the State of California. To apply for an allocation, an application approved by the Housing Authority~~CEO of the Housing Commission or designee~~ and supported by an adopted inducement resolution and by proof of credit enhancement (or bond rating) must be filed with the California Debt Limit Allocation Committee (CDLAC). In addition, evidence of a TEFRA hearing and approval must be submitted prior to the CDLAC meeting.
- Final Bond Approval: The Housing Authority retains absolute discretion over the issuance of bonds through adoption of a final resolution authorizing the issuance. Prior to final consideration of the proposed bond issuance, the project must comply with all applicable financing, affordability, and legal requirements and undergo all required planning procedures/reviews by local planning groups, etc.
- Funding and Bond Administration: All monies are held and accounted for by a third party trustee. The trustee disburses proceeds from bond sales to the developer in order to acquire and/or construct the housing project. Rental income used to make bond payments is collected from the developer by the trustee and disbursed to bond holders. If rents are insufficient to make bond payments, the trustee obtains funds from the credit enhancement provider. No monies are transferred through the Housing Commission or Housing Authority, and the trustee has no standing to ask the issuer for funds.

Bond Disclosure: The offering document (typically a Preliminary Offering Statement or bond placement memorandum) discloses relevant information regarding the project, the developer, and the credit enhancement provider. Since the Housing Authority is not responsible in any way for bond repayment, there are no financial statements or

summaries about the Housing Authority or the City that are included as part of the offering document. The offering document includes a paragraph that states that the Housing Authority is a legal entity with the authority to issue multifamily housing bonds and that the Housing Commission acts on behalf of the Housing Authority to issue the bonds. The offering document also includes a paragraph that details that there is no pending or threatened litigation that would affect the validity of the bonds or curtail the ability of the Housing Authority to issue bonds. This is the extent of the disclosure required of the Housing Authority, Housing Commission, or the City. However, it is the obligation of members of the Housing Authority to disclose any material facts known about the project, not available to the general public, which might have an impact on the viability of the project.

HOUSING AUTHORITY OF  
THE CITY OF SAN DIEGO

RESOLUTION NUMBER HA-\_\_\_\_\_

DATE OF FINAL PASSAGE \_\_\_\_\_

A RESOLUTION OF THE HOUSING AUTHORITY OF THE  
CITY OF SAN DIEGO APPROVING AMENDMENTS TO THE  
SAN DIEGO HOUSING COMMISSION'S MULTIFAMILY  
MORTGAGE REVENUE BOND PROGRAM POLICY.

WHEREAS, the Housing Authority of the City of San Diego (Housing Authority) is authorized, pursuant to Chapter 1 of Part 2 of Division 24 of the Health and Safety Code of the State of California, to issue revenue bonds for the purpose of financing the acquisition, construction and/or rehabilitation of multifamily rental housing for persons and families of low or moderate income (Bond Program); and

WHEREAS, the Housing Authority intends to issue, from time to time, multifamily housing mortgage revenue bonds or notes (Bonds) to finance the acquisition, construction and/or rehabilitation of multifamily rental housing projects (Projects) located within the City of San Diego (City); and

WHEREAS, it is in the public interest and for the public benefit that the Housing Authority authorize the financing of such Projects, and it is within the powers of the Housing Authority to provide for financing of those Projects with the issuance of Bonds; and

WHEREAS, the Housing Authority has previously adopted the San Diego Housing Commission's (Housing Commission) Multifamily Mortgage Revenue Bond Program Policy PO300.301 (Bond Policy), which governs its Bond Program and details the terms under which the Housing Authority will issue Bonds; and

WHEREAS, in order to more efficiently administer the Bond Policy, it is in the public interest and for the public benefit that the Housing Authority authorize the periodic updating and amending of the Bond Policy; and

WHEREAS, the Bond Policy was most recently amended on June 26, 2018, pursuant to Housing Authority Resolution HA-1784; and

WHEREAS, based upon the Housing Commission staff's experience administering the Bond Program, the Housing Commission is proposing certain amendments to the Bond Policy, described in Housing Authority Report No. HAR20-043, "Multifamily Mortgage Revenue Bond Program Policy Amendments" (Report); NOW, THEREFORE,

BE IT RESOLVED, by the Housing Authority of the City of San Diego that:

1. The revised Bond Policy, as detailed in Attachments 1 and 2 to the Report, is hereby adopted.
2. The President and Chief Executive Officer of the Housing Commission, or designee, is authorized to perform such acts as are necessary or appropriate to implement the revised Bond Policy and administer the Bond Program.

APPROVED: MARA W. ELLIOTT, General Counsel

By \_\_\_\_\_  
Marguerite E. Middaugh  
Deputy General Counsel

MEM:jdf  
11/18/2020  
Or.Dept:Housing Authority  
Doc. No.: 2529446



The City of San Diego  
**Item Approvals**

**Item Subject:** Multifamily Mortgage Revenue Bond Program Policy Amendments.

<b>Contributing Department</b>	<b>Approval Date</b>
DOCKET OFFICE	11/10/2020

<b>Approving Authority</b>	<b>Approver</b>	<b>Approval Date</b>
HOUSING COMMISSION FINAL DEPARTMENT APPROVER	MARSHALL, SCOTT	11/09/2020
EXECUTIVE VICE PRESIDENT	DAVIS, JEFF	11/10/2020
CITY ATTORNEY	MIDDAUGH, MARGUERITE	11/20/2020