

# San Diego Housing Commission (SDHC) Preserving Affordable Housing Presentation to the SDHC Board of Commissioners July 10, 2020

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## Preserving Affordable Housing in the City of San Diego Introduction

- Addressing the housing affordability crisis requires both the creation of new affordable housing and the preservation of affordable rental housing that currently exists in the City.
- Affordable housing preservation was identified as a priority in Smart Growth & Land Use Committee's 2018 Work Plan.
- SDHC hired Housing Preservation Coordinator in 2019.
- SDHC created a new comprehensive database of deed-restricted affordable rental housing units citywide.





Introduction (Continued)

- SDHC commissioned a study:
  - Analyze the data
  - Identify the City's housing preservation needs
  - Estimate costs for addressing the challenges
  - Recommend a framework with strategies for policymakers to consider
- Contracted with HR&A Advisors and National Housing Trust







Introduction (Continued)

- Preserve affordable rents at existing housing
- Both deed-restricted <u>and unrestricted</u> naturally occurring affordable housing (NOAH)
  - Expiring covenants for deed-restricted housing
  - Loss of NOAH
  - Displacement of tenants and homelessness
- 2020 Affordable Housing Preservation Study report,
   "Preserving Affordable Housing in the City of San Diego"





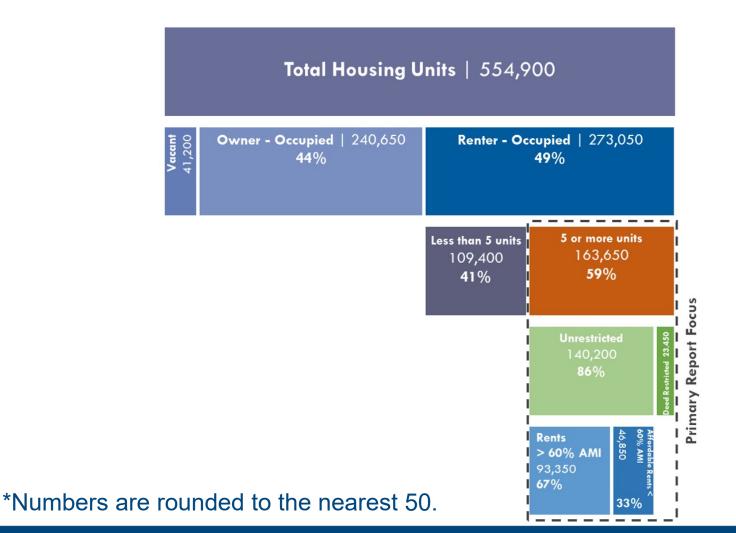
## Preserving Affordable Housing in the City of San Diego Multifamily Rental Housing Inventory

- Create a comprehensive database of deed-restricted affordable multifamily properties.
- Determine rents at each unrestricted multifamily property with 5 or more units:
  - Separate NOAH (rent level at 60 percent of AMI) properties
- Map the inventory





Multifamily Rental Housing Inventory (Continued)







Multifamily Rental Housing Inventory (Continued)

- 163,650 rental housing units (properties with 5 or more units)
  - 23,450 deed-restricted affordable rental housing units (14 percent)
  - 140,200 unrestricted marketrate units (86 percent)
    - 46,850 units (33 percent)
       of naturally occurring
       affordable housing
       (NOAH), affordable to
       households with up to 60
       percent of Area Median
       Income (AMI)



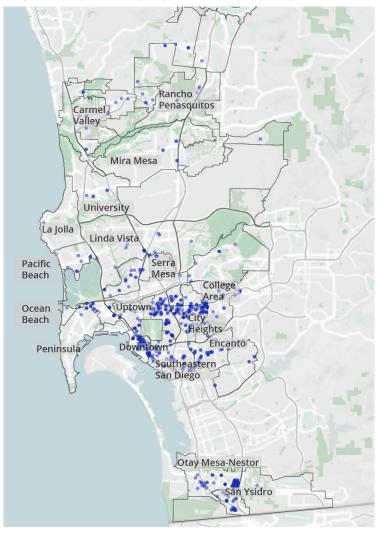
Coronado Terrace – San Ysidro 310 affordable apartments (deed-restricted) Rehabilitation completed: December 14, 2018





Multifamily Rental Housing Inventory (Continued)

Parcels with Deed-Restricted Affordable Units

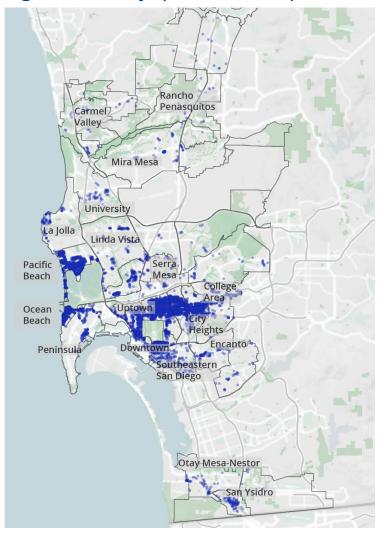






Multifamily Rental Housing Inventory (Continued)

Parcels with Unrestricted NOAH Units







## Preserving Affordable Housing in the City of San Diego Trend Analysis

- Census data for affordable housing need and availability
- SDHC database for production and expiration of deed-restricted affordable housing
- Market and Census data for NOAH
- Projection of future trends for both restricted and unrestricted affordable housing to 2040





### Preserving Affordable Housing in the City of San Diego Trend Analysis (Continued)

#### 2018 Aggregate Affordable Rental Housing Need and Availability by Income Level



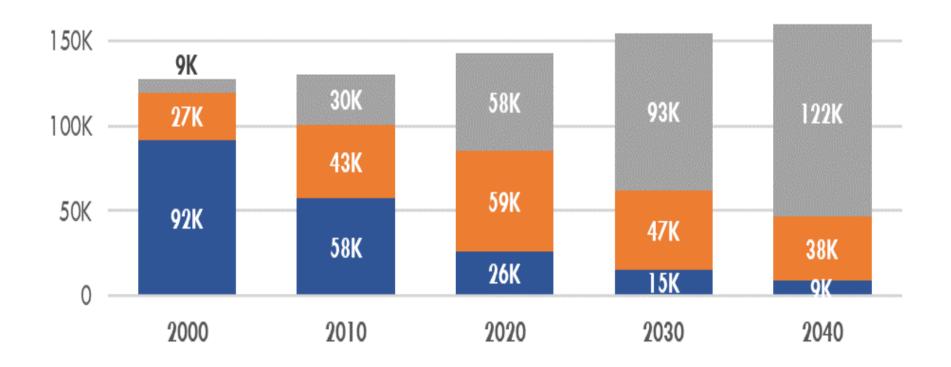




Trend Analysis (Continued)

#### Change in *Unrestricted* Unit Affordability 2000 – 2040









## Preserving Affordable Housing in the City of San Diego Cost Estimates

- Using inventory data, established "types" of NOAH
- Financial modeling on three most common types
- Cost estimate for preserving these units

**Typology A:** Small developments (six units or smaller) residential-infill buildings built in the 1970s to 1980s ("Huffman Six-Packs")

| Current Unit Estimate:                          | 12,550 units    |  |
|---|-----------------|--|
| Estimated Loss (2020 - 2040):                   | 2,350 units     |  |
| Total Cost (Acquisition + Rehab)                | \$486,000/ unit |  |
| Total Preservation Cost (2020 - 2040)1          | \$1.8 Billion   |  |
| Total Potential State /Local Gap (2020 - 2040): | \$358 Million   |  |



Typology B: Mid-size developments (10 - 50 units)

built in the 1970s to 1980s

| Current Unit Estimate:                         | 13,450 units    |
|--|-----------------|
| Estimated Loss (2020 - 2040):                  | 5,250 units     |
| Total Cost (Acquisition + Rehab)               | \$471,100/ unit |
| Total Preservation Cost (2020 - 2040)          | \$3.5 Billion   |
| Total Potential State /Local Gap (2020 - 2040) | \$880 Million   |



Typology C: Large garden-style apartment communities built in the 1990s and 2000s

| Current Unit Estimate:                            | 6,250 units     |
|---|-----------------|
| Estimated Loss (2020 - 2040):                     | 1,650 units     |
| Total Cost (Acquisition + Rehab)                  | \$426,100/ unit |
| Total Preservation Cost (2020 - 2040)             | \$1.0 Billion   |
| Total Potential State /Local Gap (2020 -<br>2040) | \$210 Million   |







Cost Estimates (Continued)

#### **Estimated Preservation Cost 2020 – 2040**

|            | Units At<br>Risk<br>(2020-<br>2040) | Units At<br>Risk<br>Per Year | Gap Financing Needed Per Year | Estimated Total Preservation Cost Per Year |
|------------|-------------------------------------|------------------------------|-------------------------------|--|
| Deed-      |                                     |                              |                               |  |
| Restricted |                                     |                              |                               |  |
| Units      | 4,200                               | 210                          | \$14 million                  | \$85 million                               |
| NOAH       |                                     |                              |                               |  |
| Units      | 9,250                               | 462                          | \$72 million                  | \$315 million                              |
| TOTAL      | 13,450                              | 672                          | \$86 million                  | \$400 million                              |

- Gap financing will require new State and Local funding.
- Dollar amounts have been adjusted to incorporate projected cost increases over the next 20 years.





## Preserving Affordable Housing in the City of San Diego Preservation Strategy Framework

- 10 recommendations grouped in to 4 categories:
  - Capital Resources (3 recommendations)
  - Preservation Policies (3 recommendations)
  - Tenant Protections (1 recommendation)
  - Capacity Building (3 recommendations)





## Preserving Affordable Housing in the City of San Diego Recommendations

#### **Capital Resources**

- Provide seed funding to create a public-private Affordable Housing Preservation Fund that is a dedicated source of funding for preservation activities.
- 2. Redirect funds originally associated with the Redevelopment Agency of the City of San Diego and its dissolution to fund preservation.
- 3. Implement a Short-Term Residential Occupancy (STRO) Fee with revenue dedicated to preservation.





Recommendations (Continued)

#### **Preservation Policies**

- 4. Adopt a Preservation Ordinance to strengthen and expand the rights granted by the State Preservation Notice Law.
- 5. Offer incentives to owners of unrestricted properties in exchange for recording affordability restrictions.
- 6. Strengthen San Diego's existing Single-Room Occupancy (SRO) Ordinance to maintain affordability.





Recommendations (Continued)

#### **Tenant Protections**

7. Require relocation assistance for displaced residents.

#### **Capacity Building**

- 8. Develop and staff the administration of a preservation program.
- Create an interagency preservation working group, to be convened by the San Diego Housing Commission.
- 10. Create a preservation collaborative composed of non-governmental preservation stakeholders.





### **Questions & Comments**

